TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXI. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1865. NO. 5.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE

HUNTINGDON, PA.

"WHAT FOLKS SAY?"

Why not let the people talk?
Let them talk away;
What's the use in bothering
About "what folks say?"

Let them say whate'er they will;
Talk—it is their way;
What's the use in plaguing one
About "what folks say?"

Talk is pleasant exercise,
Healthy, by the way;
What's the use in worrying
About "what folks say?"

Better let the people talk—
Talk whate'er they may;
Weak and stupid those who care
About "what folks say?"

Why not let the people talk?
Let them talk away;
What's the use in bothering
About "what folks say?"

The Difficulties of Reorganization.

As we did not conquer the armies of the rebellion in a day or a year, we can scarcely expect to conquer the prejudices and secret antagonism of the people of the South immediately. Their acknowledgment of the force of our arms does not necessarily imply a confession of the wisdom and justice of our opinions. Stunned by the crushing blows that have fallen thick and fast, they know that armed resistance to the Union is hopeless; but there are, nevertheless, many thousands, perhaps even a majority, of the whole population who would gladly perpetuate in some political form, if they could, the warfare against the dominant ideas of the nation, which was waged with military force before the final victories of Grant and Sherman. We see many evidences of this vindictive spirit; and it is often manifested in a peculiarly offensive and obnoxious manner. The Louisville *Journal* describes the evil of which we are speaking, thus:

"There are restless spirits in the South who do not intend to yield to the authorities of the United States, or to submit becomingly to the decision of the sword, to whose arbitrament they appealed. We may as well be plain in this matter. There has got to be some plain speaking, and probably some more very plain acting, before these men will learn their duties as citizens of the United States. If they hate this Government so badly that they are unwilling to live under it, let them leave it and seek for freedom under the mild and paternal Governments of Napoleon or Maximilian, or of the Emperor of Brazil, or of the Sultan of Turkey, or the Shah of Persia, or under any other to which their tastes and moral affinities may lead them; but if they intend to remain in the United States—if they are loyal citizens, desirous of promoting the peace and unity of this country—then we say it is their duty, and they will be compelled, if necessary, to submit to the will of the majority, and acquiesce in the settled and irreversible policy upon which the people of the United States have settled. They cannot remain here as revolutionists, disloyalists, traitors, ready at any moment to plunge the country into civil war the moment any serious difficulty may arise with a foreign Government.

"We care nothing about the professions of these men. Professions are easily made. We know what they professed in 1860 and previously, and we know they belied all the professions they then made. We don't believe their professions now, and intend to look to their acts as the only criteria by which to judge of their motives and their intentions. Looking to these, it is quite clear that they intend, if possible, to revive the slavery issue. They don't mean to accept—they don't accept the free basis which they themselves through war have established. They intend to make a combined and desperate effort to revolutionize the Government and to re-establish slavery We see almost every day the old disunionists returning to their homes and posts in the South, and witness their revival of the old slang phrases of secession to excite the prejudices and arouse the passions of the ignorant; we see them calling into requisition the old tactics by which they 'fired the Southern heart,' and brought revolution, anarchy, and despotism upon the Southern States, against the wishes of the Southern people."

In all speculations about reconstruction we must accept this statement as substantially true, and be not, on the one hand, too much discouraged by the outcroppings of this vein of treason; nor, on the other, be lulled into a false sense of security by ignoring its existence. The most difficult problem of reconstruction is how to combat most effectually this very feeling. We should neither exaggerate nor underrate it, but, looking the peril squarely in the face, seek to overcome it. Time and trial will develop what can, and what cannot, be done wisely and safely. Negro suffrage is prescribed by many as the only sure panacea. But it is to be remembered, first, that our right to apply or enforce it is seriously questioned; and second, that its effect might be to embitter the whole white population still further against us, except such leading slaveholders as would readily ally themselves with negroes and perhaps use the power they would gain for rebellious purposes. Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, whose loyalty none can question, is opposed, for the present, to the negro suffrage in that State; so is Governor Wells, of Louisiana. On the other hand, the new State Constitution of Missouri confers the right of suffrage upon her colored citizens. The practical workings of both systems are therefore, being tested, and we will soon gain indications of their relative value.

It should be remembered, too, that the conflict in the rebellious States, between loyalty and disloyalty—between those who accept the decision of the appeal to arms as final and conclusive against slavery and secession and those who do not—goes on daily in various shapes and forms, without reference to negro suffrage. The people are rather considering whether it may not be possible to re-enslave the negro, than whether he should be clothed with the full rights of citizenship. On this issue however, the loyalists are clearly gaining ground every day. Whatever doubts may exist of our power to extend the right of suffrage to the negro, our right and determination to secure his freedom cannot be successfully controverted. And as our determination to maintain the Union is equally fixed, the politicians who seek to revive the old issues are met at the threshold by the most fatal of the objections—that their schemes are impracticable and absurd. If freedom of choice about slavery and secession were permittdd, those twin heresies would doubtless be sustained. But they are precisely the issues which the war settled now and forever. The practical question in the South is how they can advance their future prosperity in the Union, with free labor. Old ideas, old habits, old prejudices, and old politicians, will conspire to mislead public attention from this plain duty by inspiring false hopes, but we hope and trust, in vain. The stern logic of events, the influence of the Federal Government and the armies of the Republic are branding indelibly on the Southern mind the sacredness of Liberty and Union. Every step they take under the direction of false guides who seek to lure them back into their old quicksands, is full of danger; every manly effort they make to conquer old prejudices, to give free labor a fair trial, to render cheerful, willing and sincere obedience, to the Federal authorities, inspires confidence, stimulates enterprise, and brightness their future prospects. Thus the people of the South must choose between prosperity or adversity, and we hope their "sober second thought" may be inspired by wisdom.—*The Press.*

TRIAL LIST.—AUGUST TERM.
Commencing second Monday, 14th of August, 1865.

Roger C. McGill	vs	Benjamin Crose.
Samuel Beverly	vs	John S. Beverly
S. L. Glasgow for use	vs	Mary Gibboney's ex
John Black & Co	vs	Catharine Tricker
John H Stonebraker	vs	D. Stewart et al
Dr P Shoenberger ex	vs	Wilson & Lorenz
Jacob Cresswell	vs	F. H. Lane et al
Eliza Young et al	vs	A. Wise et al
James Scott	vs	Brice X. Blair
Mary DeArmitt	vs	Nicholas Cresswell
B. M. Jones & Co.	vs	James C. Clark.

W. C. WAGONER, Prot'y.

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, July 17.

GRAND JURORS.

Booher, John merchant, Alexandria.
Hugh Cunningham, farmer, Porter.
Henry Cook, farmer, Carbon.
John Eyer, jr., farmer, Warriorsmark.
Daniel Foster, distiller, Brady.
Christian Fouse, farmer, Hopewell.
Henry Garner, farmer, Juniata.
John C. Hicks, farmer, Porter.
Henry Holtzapple, miller, West.
Isaac Heffner, farmer, Juniata.
John Henderson, farmer, West.
Edward B. Isett, farmer, Franklin.
Jesse McClain, farmer, Carbon.
Newton Madden, farmer, Springfield.
G. Miller, (R. T.) farmer, Henderson.
Benjamin L. Neff, miller, West.
Samuel Peightal, farmer, Walker.
James Port, collector, Huntingdon.
George B. Porter, farmer, Franklin.
James Posten, farmer, Cass.
James Peterson, farmer, Dublin.
Wash. Reynolds, farmer, Franklin.
George Seuft, machinist, Clay.
James Webb, farmer, Walker.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

David Buck, farmer, Warriormark
Daniel Book, farmer, Cromwell
John Briggs, farmer, Tell
William Buckley, farmer, Shirley
Samuel Barr, farmer, Jackson
Jacob S Covert, mason, Shirley
John D Carberry, farmer, Carbon
Peter Dell, farmer, Cass
William S Entrekin, farmer, Hopewell
John Enyeart, farmer, Cromwell
Aaron W Evans, millwright, Cassville
Oliver Etnier, farmer, Cromwell
James Entrekin, farmer, Hopewell
Alex. G Ewing, teacher, Franklin
Benjamin Fouse, merchant, Shirley
David N Garner, soldier, Penn
Samuel B Garner, gentleman, Penn
Isaac Grove, farmer, Penn
John Griffith, farmer, Tod
Benjamin F Glasgow, farmer, Union
James Gillam, watchman, Brady
J Harman, cabinet maker, Jackson
Jacob Herneame, farmer, Shirley
George Heaton, merchant, Carbon
John Hewitt, farmer, Porter
Henry S. Isenberg, farmer, Carbon
Thomas Kelley, farmer, Cromwell
Jacob Knode, farmer, West
John Kiner, farmer, Union
Jacob Lane, farmer, Springfield
Abner Lamp, bricklayer, Huntingdon
George McCrum, farmer, Barree
Geo A Miller, merchant, Huntingdon
John B Myton, farmer, West
Samuel McVitty, farmer, Clay
William B McMullen, farmer, Tell
James McGill, farmer, Jackson
David Neff, farmer, Porter
John Palmer, boss miner, Carbon
Jacob Prough, sr., laborer, Penn
Mahlon Stryker, farmer, West
John Smiley, farmer, Barree
Samuel Silknitter, farmer, Barree
E Summers, confectioner, Huntingdon
David Shaeffer, farmer, Shirley
James Thompson, blacksmith, West
John Weston, farmer, Warriormark
James Ward, farmer, Walker

The Western Penitentiary.

As the subject of penitential asylums for persons convicted of crimes, and the various systems that are in vogue in the United States with reference to the said prisoners is attracting considerable attention at present, we have thought it proper to give the results of a recent visit to the above institution. The building known as the Western Penitentiary is pleasantly situated in Allegheny, and with its contiguous grounds occupies considerable space. Passing from Ohio street, we proceed up a pleasant walk by a fountain, in whose basin a number of goldfish are sporting, to the main entrance. Armed with the necessary pass, we present ourself to the gentlemanly clerk of the institution, Mr. John Miller, who calls an overseer, and charges him to show us over the prison. A heavy grated door is opened, we enter, and the door is locked behind us. We now find ourselves in a large hall. To the right and to the left, and straight before us, stretch three long corridors, which contain the cells. These are built in two tiers, on each side of the corridor, and are three hundred in number. By this arrangement the overseer can, by a simple movement of the head, see every cell. Thus nothing can occur which is not immediately detected.

The cells are built in two tiers, are eight feet wide and sixteen feet deep, and about twelve feet high. They are all well ventilated, and are supplied with water and gas. In winter heat is afforded by means of steam, by which every cell is kept at a uniform and equable temperature. The gas is turned off at nine o'clock P. M., by which time the inmates are supposed to retire. Owing to the well ordered system which prevails, the institution is now self supporting. The convicts are employed in shoemaking, weaving, and broom making. During the war a large quantity of army shoes were made here. Carpets are also woven. The filling is furnished by parties who desire the work done, and the finished material is returned. A sufficient price is charged to reimburse the prison for the cost of the work. The number of prisoners now in the institution is two hundred, showing a decrease of four since the first of the year; but on account of constant admissions and discharges the number is always fluctuating. The diet of the prisoners is liberal, and the food wholesome. The morning meal consists of bread and coffee; for dinner they are given meat and soup, and for supper bread. Vegetables are supplied in season. Many of these are grown in the yard of the prison, and when these are not sufficient in quantity others are bought. All the cooking is done by steam, in four boilers, capable of holding fifteen gallons each. Steam is obtained in winter from three large boilers, which also warm the building, and drive a small engine, but in the summer a smaller boiler is used. The bakery is in excellent condition, and furnished with a good oven, which will hold the dough of two barrels of flour at one charge, which is rather more than the average daily quantity used. The gas used is made on the grounds of the institution. The retort house has six retorts, but only a portion of these are in operation at one time. The gasometer will hold sufficient for three nights' consumption, in case of any accident happening to the generator.

From the centre of the main corridor a handsome cupola rises, whence a fine view may be obtained of the two cities, and the confluence of the two rivers as they unite to form the Ohio. In the upper part of this cupola are a series of gas burners and reflectors so arranged as to cast a flood of light on the yard at night, thus illuminating every part of it, and making it almost as bright as day. It has been found necessary to adopt this plan as a preventive against the escape of prisoners by climbing over the roofs of the building. The chief defect of the institution at present seems to be a want of hospital accommodations, and it is thought the management will ask an appropriation from the Legislature for this purpose. By this means the invalid convicts receive better attention than if confined to their cells.

Religious services are held every Sunday by the moral instructor, Thos. Crumpton. During the week such of the convicts as desire to learn, receive instruction from him, and the results are said to be the most gratifying. A library is attached, and books of a serious tendency are distributed amongst the prisoners. They are also allowed to have newspapers of a religious cast. Such of the inmates as show, by their exemplary behavior, that they are worthy of the privilege, are allowed to be out of their cells during the day, to work in the yard or assist in the necessary work of the prison. This plan has been found to work exceedingly well, and at present nearly all of the labor incident upon the institution, such as cooking, baking, attending to the boilers, the gas works, &c., is performed by the prisoners. They receive, and esteem the opportunity to enjoy a few hours of sunlight, as a great and almost inestimable privilege

When a person sentenced to confinement is received, his name is taken and he receives a particular number. Henceforth, until the doors of the prison are reopened and he again steps forth a free man, his identity is lost. He has no name; he is but number so-and-so. He is stripped, carefully measured, an accurate description is taken of any natural marks upon his body, the color of his hair and eyes is noted, and all these facts are recorded opposite his number in the prison register. He is then taken to another room, where he receives a bath. His own clothes are taken away from him, and he is clothed in the prison uniform of dark coarse gray, alternated with black stripes. The door of his cell closes upon him, and there he remains until the law is satisfied, or Executive clemency interposes. Some who enter have looked for the last time upon the earth, for they are never to leave the prison alive. Others cheer themselves through the dreary months and years with the hope that they shall again enjoy that liberty they forfeited by an act of crime.

The officers of the institution are as follows: President, James B. Lyon; Treasurer, James Marshall; Secretary, T. H. Nevin; Moral Instructor, Thos. Crumpton; Physician, D. N. Rankin; Warden, Hugh Campbell; Clerk, John Miller.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

A Sonora Story.

The following rich story is related by a Sonora paper, at the expense of a queer genius who vibrates between that town and Oregon as "advance" agent of a concert troupe, and who, though pretty clever in "selling" the curiously inclined, does not always come off first best:

Frank Ball, travelling in a vehicle bearing a strong resemblance to a peddler's cart. Old lady rushes out from a house by the roadside. The following colloquy ensues:

Old Lady. Say, what have you got to sell?

Ball. I am a travelling agent, madam, for the greatest menagerie of ancient or modern times, which is shortly to be exhibited in this section, affording to the inhabitants thereof an opportunity of viewing the most stupendous collection of animals ever before exhibited.

Old Lady. You don't say! Have you ary elephant?

Ball. We have, madam, six elephants; but these constitute a comparatively unimportant part of the show. We have living specimens of bipeds and quadrupeds, who roamed over the earth not only in the antediluvian, but also in the pliocene and postmiocene period, embracing the megatherium with six legs and two tails; the icthyosarus, with four eyes and three tails; the gyastueus, with no eyes, two noses and four tails; plosiosarus, resembling Satan in shape, which spits fire and breathes sulphur, and many other species, too numerous for enumeration. We also have a pious lawyer.

Old Lady. Well, I declare!

Ball But, madam, the greatest curiosity by far of our exhibition is a learned and classically educated monkey, who was brought up a Mohammedan priest in the mysterious regions of the Great Desert of Sahara. This monkey speaks with fluency all the modern languages, besides Latin, Greek, and Hebrew. He can repeat the Ten Commandments, the Emancipation Proclamation, President Lincoln's last message, and performs the most intricate examples in mathematics with rapidity, ease, and accuracy. While being exhibited in Washington he actually repeated a long speech of the President. This monkey corresponds——

Beautiful young lady suddenly sticks her head from the window, and calls out:

"Mother! mother! *ask him why they let the monkey travel so far ahead of the other critters?*"

Barn Burnt.—A barn belonging to John Musser, at McAlisterville, Mifflin county, was struck by lightning on the 16th inst., and burned to the ground. The loss is about $2000.

☞George F. Robinson, the brave Maine soldier who saved the life of Secretary Seward has been given a clerkship at Washington worth $1,200.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGIA.

Reorganization of the State under Gov. Johnson.—Speech by the Governor at Macon, on the 15th ult.—His Ideas on Slavery, and General Matters Affecting the State—Present and Future.

The Provisional Governor of Georgia delivered an address in the City Hall, Macon, on Saturday evening, July 15th, which was reported for the *Daily Telegraph*, by A. G. Marshall.

He said he had been appointed for the single purpose of enabling the people of the State to form a government. He had not been authorized to appoint civil magistrates, and would not do it. He advised the people to receive the amnesty oath, and thus prepare themselves to become citizens. On the slavery question he was thus explicit.

I now feel bound to declare to you one thing which you must recognize as accomplished, and the sooner you know it, and conform to it, the sooner you will be relieved from military rule. Slavery exists no more. This is decreed. Its restoration, under any form, is utterly out of the question. Slavery has been extinguished by the operations of the late war. I do not propose, in this connection, to enter upon a lengthy argument to prove it. *I simply state what is universally acknowledged by all writers on national law, that belligerents have the right to make captures of persons and property, and that they may make what disposition they please of the property captured.* The vanquished are at the disposition of the conquerors, and may be disposed of as they think proper. Such is war, and it is a sin against God and humanity that it should be waged. We must submit to the result of the war. Congress, by the Constitution of the United States, has the power to give to the President the regulation of captures by sea and land, and the President, in the exercise of this power given him by the Constitution and by Congress, issued his proclamation disposing of their captures, declaring that *all the negroes who were slaves in the revolted States should, by virtue of that proclamation, become emancipated. Such is my judgment of the law*, and I believe the Supreme Court will so decide.

I come to another point. *The Constitution which the people of Georgia shall adopt in convention will be required to recognize this fact.* The convention will be called upon to agree to this amendment to the Constitution, that slavery shall no longer exist in these States. They will be called upon to decide this before their restoration to the Union, in order that this quarrel about slavery, which has existed since the beginning of the Government to the present time, shall never be revived, and in order that there may be no dispute among the people of this state on the subject. *They must provide for its extinction now*, and so I tell you today, if you wish to be admitted into the Union, this convention of the people of Georgia must be composed of such material as will recognize the fact of the extinction of slavery in Georgia, and agree to the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which will extinguish slavery throughout the country.

* * It is claimed by some that the negroes will not work. I know that those who have been driven off the farms do not work, because they have no opportunity of working, and some of them will not work where they have not been driven off. For this latter class, the Legislature must make laws, declaring them vagrants, and punishing them as such. The negro will not work! How do you know they will not? I saw them working very well in New York and other places where I have been. It is true they sometimes commit crimes in those places and they are punished for it.—They must work—they can work—they must either work or perish.—What is the difficulty? Do not the people have to work in Germany, in France, in New York, in Ohio? What is the reason they will not work? I tell you they will work; and I must say that under the peculiar circumstances by which they were surrounded no people ever behaved better than they have done. Those who tell you they will not work have hope of continuing their control and dominion over them. They will work under contracts of hire, and if they fail they become vagrants, and may be punished or exiled, as the laws of the State may direct.

* * While we have been hurt and chastised for the present, yet let us remember that we may accumulate property in the future, and all our surplus capital, instead of being laid out in negroes, will be expended in permanent improvement, in increasing the comforts of our homes, manuring our lands, planting orchards, building permanent fences, and in manufactures of all kinds Attracted to this land, immigrants from other parts of the world, and from the North, will come to settle among us, because we have as good clime as any under the sun. Our villages and towns, instead of going to decay, will improve, and art and science will flourish among us. Such, I believe will be one of the results of this war.

And not only that, there is another advantage. We have been very sensitive, as a people. We allowed no man to think that slavery was a moral, social, or political evil, and if any one thought thus he was deemed unsound, and arraigned before vigilance committees. Even when Lord John Russell, in England, took occasion to say that he hoped slavery would be abolished by this revolution, our people commenced abusing him as if he had trespassed upon our rights. *We abused mankind when they differed with us*, and we carried our opposition to men's thinking as they pleased to such an extreme, that men among us who dared to differ with us on this subject were arraigned, not by law, or before a legal tribunal, but before vigilant societies, and personally abused. *Civilization was almost driven from the land—law and order was suppressed by these lawless men.* But now we can look over this land and pray, as Solomon did, that all of Adam's race may be elevated to dignity and happiness. Now every one may, in the exercise of his constitutional rights, advocate slavery or denounce it, surrounded as he is by the power of the Government of the United States, which protects us fully in the enjoyment of these rights. It seems to be the order of Providence in dealing with nations, as He deals with individuals, that they shall be perfected by sufferings. We shall come out of this controversy a more glorious and happy people. The presence of liberty will be well guarded among us. We shall remain a free and united people. In looking down the vista of time, I see Georgia tenfold more prosperous; and when all our sectional prejudices shall have died away, we shall meet together, North and South, as brethren, rejoicing in our Government, and marching on to the glorious destiny which is before us. Not only will Georgia increase in wealth and population, but the whole country will be more prosperous in arts, manufactures, wealth and civilization. I see them marching on in this new order of things. The whole country, united in the bonds of charity and love, must go on prospering until this great nation shall be unequalled by any power on earth. This is our country; these are her prospects. To this standard I invite you to rally.

"'Tis the star-spangled banner, oh long may it wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave."

RETURNED SOLDIERS AS WE FIND THEM.—The prognostications of certain individuals, that camp life and the rebellion generally would demoralize our soldiers into brutality, turn out to be entirely untrue. It is evident the false prophets were not born on the seventh day of any month, nor can they claim with truth they are the seventh sons of a seventh father.

Instead of brutalizing the American soldier, it has elevated him in moral as well as physical reputation. He comes back among those whom he has defended with his brow wreathed with glory. He has shared the dangers and hardships of military life in all its phases. He has had a surfeit of the pomp and glorious circumstances of war, and already swords have been metamorphosed into pruning hooks, and refuse cannon and muskets and mortars turned into plow shares.

In mingling among the busy world steadily for more than a month past, we have observed returned veterans busily at work in familiar trades or professions. A star or crescent, trefoil, Maltese cross, or diamond, denoting the army corps to which they were formerly attached, were displayed in some place about their person.

There is a volume of honor in these emblems, and the owner of them may well feel a just pride in their display. In almost every business department we have observed returned soldiers quietly pursuing the peaceful avocations of life.

In a wheat-field in New Jersey, two weeks since, several young farmers were reaping the harvest; as one stopped to wipe the perspiration from his sunburnt brow we discovered a Maltese cross upon his checkshirt bosom, and were at once reminded of the "Birney Brigade." A silver star upon the bosom of another, carried us in thought beyond the cloudson Lookout Mountain, where the stars of our national glory were planted by the gallant 20th P. V. In counting-houses, workshops, lawyers' offices, newspaper establishments, on the street cars, and in some public offices—municipal, State and national—we find returned soldiers pursuing the even tenor of their way, with the surroundings of that peace they fought for. The American soldier, instead of being demoralized or brutalized, forms a most striking, brilliant, and honorable contrast to that class of revilers who could see a "Sepoy massacre" on the arming of the "negroes;" who could see the dawning of a "criminal era" among "Lincoln's hirelings."—*The Press.*

Soldiers' Monument.

To the People of Huntingdon County.

A meeting was held at the Court House in Huntingdon, in pursuance of a general call, at which the undersigned were instructed, among other things, to urge the citizens of the several boroughs and townships of the County, to meet in HUNTINGDON, **On Monday, the 14th day of August, '65.** for the purpose of organizing an association to erect a monument to those who fell, in defense of Republican liberty, during the late rebellion. It is proposed that the names of every citizen of the county who fell, whether on the field of battle, or by the hand of disease, shall be inscribed upon the monument; all the details, including design and location, to be determined, when a sufficient sum of money shall have been raised by contributions.

It can scarcely be necessary that we should refer to the fitness of such a work; we are persuaded, that there is no one among you who will not feel proud and glad to join in this undertaking—this work of gratitude to those whose devotion has secured to us the form of Republican freedom—this last office of grateful homage to the sublime heroism and patriotic fortitude which have preserved for us the spirit of human liberty.

We most earnestly urge upon you, that you see to it, that every community has a voice in the meeting on the 14th of August,—let the delegation from each township and borough be as large as possible. It will be necessary to appoint a local committee in each municipal sub-division, to canvass thoroughly for contributions; your representatives at the meeting should be prepared to report the names of energetic and earnest men and women to take charge of this duty. All your activity and ingenuity will be required to push the work successfully through. Every man and woman should take an active part—should devote his and her whole energy to the undertaking. It is necessary that you should organize in every township and borough—do so at once. Let us work, *work*, WORK, until the last penny shall have been secured; then we shall enjoy the proud satisfaction of rearing a monument which will be creditable alike to ourselves, and the purpose for which it is intended; but should we fail, having devoted less attention to the subject than its importance demands, and it can only be from such a cause, if we do fail, it will be a reproach, a burning reproach, upon us all.

Everywhere, all over the land, *we* hear shouts of welcome to the returning braves who have exchanged the duties of the camp and the field for the joys of home and the arts of peace; while in the midst of our rejoicings for the victory, while our hearts are glad for the return of our sons and brothers, who come to us, with "brows bound with victorious wreaths," let us remember those other hearts, filled with sadness, whose throbs echo the sound of no homeward footsteps—but the mournful cadence of the funeral march. While we greet the living, let us cherish the memory of the dead; let us raise a shaft to commemorate the heroic virtues of the fallen, from which the widows and orphans which the war has made, can gather the consolation that their husbands and fathers have not died in vain, but have builded for themselves a monument in the hearts of men, not of perishable stone, which shall endure until the record of the glorious achievements of the last four years shall have faded from the page of history.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Chairman.

Capt. J. Wintrode,	James Creo,
J. G. Miles, Esq.,	J. M. Bailey, Esq.,
S. McVitty, Esq.,	Perry Moore,
Rev. S. H. Reid,	Thomas P. Love,
Wm. M. Phillips,	Saml. Thompson,
William Lewis,	John Cumming.

ADVICE TO YOUNG PEOPLE.—Keep good company or none. Never be idle. If your hands cannot be usefully employed attend to the cultivation of your mind. Always speak the truth. Make few promises. Live up to your engagement. Keep your own secrets, if you have any. When you speak to a person, look him in the face. Good company and good conversation are the very sinews of virtue. Good character is above anything else. Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts. If any one speaks evil of you, let your life be so that no one will believe him. Drink no kind of intoxicating liquors. Ever live (misfortunes excepted) within your income. When you retire to bed, think over what you have been doing during the day. Make no haste to be rich, if you would prosper. Small and steady gains give competency, with tranquility of mind. Never play at any game of chance. Avoid temptation, though you fear you may not withstand it. Earn money before you spend it. Never run into debt unless you see a way to get out of it. Do not marry until you are able to support a wife. Never speak evil of any one. Be just before you are generous. Keep yourself innocent, if you would be happy. Save when you are young, that you may spend when you are old. Read over the above maxims at least once a week.

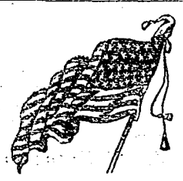
☞There is an affinity between sweet sounds and sweet girls. Beautiful music is as attractive to women as flowers to bees.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Aug. 2, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.



Our Flag Forever.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

To our Patrons.—Candidates for Office

It is important to the people that the claims of candidates for office should be known before the election of borough and township delegates in August next. That their claims may be made public we throw open our columns to the friends of all, free of charge.

PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The State Agricultural exhibition, to be held at Williamsport on the last days of September next, promises to be an unusual display. The State Society is exerting itself, in conjunction with a committee of the Lycoming County Agricultural Society, to have complete preparation for any crowd that may visit the fair or the beautiful town in which it is to be held Ample accommodations are being made for the exhibition.

FREEDOM TO SLAVES.—It is a common whine with all pro-slavery propagandists, that any attempt to give freedom to the slave is an infraction of the rights of the States, inasmuch as it disturbs the labor system and complicates the domestic relations. This weak apology for a great sin has been used with great effect in Kentucky. We are glad to see that Gen. Logan disposes of that objection in a trenchant paragraph which we extract from a recent speech delivered at Louisville, Kentucky:

"There is another objection urged to the emancipation of slaves in Kentucky. It is said that if the slaves are made free, Kentucky will be without labor. This is a great mistake. If made free, the probabilities are that they will remain, and, for wages, will labor with *more energy than they* have heretofore done. If not made free, with no laws to protect this institution, surrounded as you are by the free States offering to them an asylum and wages for their labor, they will desert their masters and find for themselves a home in a foreign State where the spirit of freedom is universal and the curse of slavery driven from the land. It is natural that they should do so, and no man but a crazy man could calculate otherwise. And would it not be better for Kentucky to show her magnanimity, her patriotism, her desire for a lasting peace, and the return of fraternal feelings, by at once doing that which, if she will not do, will soon itself? Think of the great desire on the part of the civilized world that the chains of slavery, still clanking in your State, should be stricken from the limbs of the black man by the generosity and Chistian spirit of your own people. Let your cloud-kissing hills and smiling valleys once test the energies of free labor, and ere long the numbers you are behind your sister States in population you will gather difference in wealth; you will accumulate enterprise, capital, intelligence; and Christianity will leap for joy over the new and bright prospects before them. Kentucky will then take the position she ought to occupy among her sister States, and claim rank and respectability second to none.

CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICES.—Major-Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, of Norristown; Brig. Gen. Nagle, of Schuylkill County, Gen. Harry Markle, of Westmoreland, and Capt. Brice X. Blair, of Huntingdon County, are severally announced by their friends as Union Candidates for Surveyor General. Gen Selfridge, of Northampton, Gen. Nagle of Allegheny, and John A. Hiestand, of Lancaster County, are spoken of as Union Candidates for Auditor General. George Sanderson, Esq., also of Lancaster, is urged for the Copperhead nomination for the same office.

THE NATIONAL RESOURCES.—The power to effect further loans is now exhausted, but the Secretary of the Treasury is of the opinion that, owing to the continued reduction of the expenditures of the Government, the treasury can be kept in an easy condition by the receipts from the usual sources of revenue, and meet all the requisitions which can be properly made upon it until the meeting of Congress. It is estimated at the Internal Revenue Bureau that the receipts from incomes, taxes, etc., for the next seventy-five days will be at the rate of one million dollars per day. The next statement of the public debt will be made early in August. It is published every two months.

☞ Preliminary measures are in progress at Washington to try Captain Wirtz, commander of the Andersonville prison. A large number of witnesses have been summoned and a mass testimony collected.

Crowded Out.

Our usual variety of reading matter has been crowded out this week by the space occupied with new advertisements.

Secretary Stanton's Report.

During the war, one of the most difficult things to learn, says the Philadelphia *Ledger*, was the precise extent of enlistments, and the number of the military force we had in the field. Secretary Stanton has just furnished a report which lets a little light into the popular darkness on this subject. There were enlisted for the army from November 1, 1863, to November 1, 1864, 402,698 white and colored troops. Colored volunteers enlisted in rebel States from January 1, 1864, to October 14, of the same year, 22,143. In the same period the recruits for the regular army were 13,871. Veterans and reenlisted before the expiration of their service, between November 1, 1863, and November 1, 1864, 136,507. Drafted and substitutes, 75,006. For the naval service and marine corps, from February to November, 1864, 24,683; making a total of 675,452. The report says:

"In estimating the number of troops called into the service, it has been the care of the Department to take into account the whole number of men mustered, without regard to the fact that the same persons may have been previously discharged after having been accepted and credited on preceding calls.

A large part (near two hundred thousand) of the men accepted in the years 1861 and 1862, were soon found to be unfit for service, and were discharged. This accounts, partially, for the large excess carried forward from the calls of 1862 and deducted from those of 1863."

The colored troops enlisted up to October 30, 1864, numbered 101,950. This branch of the service, up to that time, lost by battle, discharges, desertions, and diseases, 33,132 men. Up to November 7, 1864, Gen. Thomas had organized along the Mississippi river a force of 56,320 colored troops.

The operations of the draft are very remarkable. The report is dated November 25, 1864. From July 1, 1864, up to that time, 130,000 names were added to the enrollment list, and 285,398 names were stricken off. This enrollment showed the national force, not called out up to November 1, 1864, to consist of 2,784,266 men. In the draft of 1863 the quota drafted for was 194,962, with fifty per cent. added. The report says:

Of this number 39,417 failed to report, and 164,887 were exempted from physical and other causes, 52,237 paid commutation, 26,002 furnished substitutes; and 9,848 were held to service.

The total deficiency drafted for was 50,367; the number reported and examined 85,861; the number exempted for physical disability 31,446; the number exempted for other causes 19,648; the number held to personal service 3,418; the number furnished substitutes 8,903; the number who paid commutation 32,446.

On September 19, 1864, another draft was had, and the result, known up to November 1, was as follows:

Number reported and examined 72,432; number exempted for physical disability 20,332; number exempted for other causes 19,797; number held to personal service 19,058; number furnished substitutes 13,345.

These facts, adds the *Ledger*, clearly show that, as a means of recruiting the army, the draft was entirely inadequate. Those who were exempted, those who ran away from the draft, and those who paid commutation, swallowed up nearly the entire number drafted. The number held to personal service was but a small proportion of the whole amount. This proves that volunteering, however expensive it may be, is the most popular, surest, and speediest means of raising an army, and of making satisfied and willing soldiers. The average measurement of the chest, at inspection of the recruits was, 35,16 inches. The average height was 5 feet 6.44 inches. Vermont troops showed the greatest number of inches around the chest and the greatest height; but Pennsylvania recruits were close upon Vermont—for her men measured an average of 5 feet 7.08 inches, against Vermont's 5 feet 7.62. In the measurement around the chest the men of Pennsylvania were 1.55 inches less than Vermont. The Veteran Reserve Corps shows that nearly every fourth man has been transferred to it on account of disability from honorable wounds. The horses and mules in the army amount to 300,000. During the first eight months of the year 1864, the cavalry of the Army of the Potomac was supplied with two remounts—nearly 40,000 horses.

The expenditures for the Ordnance Department during the year were $38,502,822, and there remained in the arsenals on the 30th of June last 2,037 field cannon and siege guns, 1,304,947 small arms, and 1,831,853 pounds of artillery ammunition. There were in operation during the year 6,500 miles of military telegraph, of which 76 miles are submarine. One million eight hundred thousand telegraph messages were transmitted during the year, at an average cost, charging the whole yearly expense of construction, maintenance, and operation to them, of only thirty cents. There were purchased during the year about 9,500 army wagons, 1,100 ambulances, and harness for 175,000 animals. The special report of animals and means of transportation with the several armies during the year are imperfect, but it is estimated that there were about 300,000 horses and mules in the service of the army, of which the horses were about 170,000, and the mules about 130,000.

The number of men who have died in hospitals, in the vicinity of Washington, from August 1, 1861, to August 1, 1864, is stated at 12,708, of whom 4,910 were natives of the United States.

Over two hundred flags, captured from the rebels in various battles, received during the year, are deposited for safe keeping. Many others are supposed to have been disposed of by persons who captured or had them in possession, in ignorance of their being public property. One hundred and six enlisted men were presented with medals of honor for capturing rebel flags and other acts of bravery.

The statistics of the Surgeon General's Department show that there were in operation on the 30th of June, 1864, 190 hospitals, with a capacity of 120,521 beds. During the year the health of the entire army was better than is usual with troops engaged so constantly on active duty and in arduous campaigns. No destructive epidemics prevailed in any section, and the number of sick and wounded, although large, was comparatively small in the proportion it bore to the whole army. At the close of the year the number of sick and wounded, both with their commands and in general hospitals, was less than sixteen (16) per cent. of the strength of the army. Of this number 9.3 per cent. were sick, and 6.46 per cent. wounded. The deaths from disease during June, 1864, were 2.98 per thousand of mean strength; from wounds, 3.10 per thousand; total deaths, 6.08 per thousand, or six-tenths of one per cent. for the month. During the same month of the previous year the total was 7.3 per thousand of mean strength, or over seven-tenths of one per cent. There were furnished during the year to disabled soldiers 669 legs and 339 arms.

Eight Whalers Burned by the Shenandoah.

San Francisco, July 27.—The whaling bark Milo arrived to-day, in eight days from the Arctic Sea, with the crews of several whalers, destroyed by the pirate Shenandoah last month. The whalers Edward Casey, Hector, Abigail, Euphrates, William Thompson, Sophia Thornton, Swift, and the Susana, were captured, and most of them burned. The Milo was bonded for the purpose of taking off the crews.

The Shenandoah was continuing the wholesale destruction of whalers, and would probably soon destroy another fleet numbering sixty vessels. Her commander was informed of Lee's surrender, and the collapse of the rebellion, but did not believe it. He believed in Lincoln's assassination, for he *expected it*. The Shenandoah coaled last at Melbourne. She was manned by English and Irish sailors. Some of the captured whalemen joined her.

NORTH-WESTERN HARVEST.—The Chicago *Times* has two columns of reports from the great grain growing counties of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Minnesota—all of which encourage the expection that the forthcoming harvest in all that region, will be one of the most beautiful on record, notwithstanding the serious damage influenced by recent severe storms. In Indiana alone, there would seem to be some doubts as to the yield of wheat on account of injuries received from rain and rust. In many places the stalk has not been cut, the yield being so poor. The hay crop, on the contrary, is very fine, and promises in some places a yield of five times as large as that of the previous season. Corn, oats, and potatoes are all thriving finely, and give indications of an abundant yield.

NEWS SUMMARY.

☞ The Navy Department is rapidly disposing of its immense fleet, at prices about equal to Government appraisement.

☞ Secretary Stanton has, on belief of the Government, leased Ford's Theatre for fifteen hundred dollars a month, with the privilege of buying it for one hundred thousand dollars, if Congress so provides.

☞ A terrible disease has broken out among the cattle, horses, and hogs on the Arkansas and Mississippi bottom lands. The supposed cause is poison from black gnats. The animals die in from twenty-four to forty-eight hours after taking the disease.

☞ About fifty thousand dollars worth of defaced and worn out currency is destsoyed by the Government each day. Its place is supplied with new issue. No more three-cent notes are to be issued; and the five-cent notes are to be gradually withdrawn.

☞ A telegraphic dispatch, announces the death of Rev. Alonzo Potter, D. D., LL D., Bishop of the diocese of Pennsylvania of the Protestant Episcopal Church, at San Francisco on the 4th inst. Bishop Potter was born in Duchess county, New York, July 10, 1800.

☞ Returns of the election in Virginia represent that in other portions of the State as well as Richmond the regular secession candidates have been generally successful. Encouraged by these results, it is said that the guerilla chief Moseby designs being a candidate for Congress.

☞ General Giles F. Smith, at the head of 8,000 or 10,000 Federal troops, had arrived at Brazos. Perhaps more may come. Certainly, from all accounts there is no scarcity of boys in blue at Brazos. No restrictions whatever are placed upon trade with New Orleans by the military authorities.

☞ The 13th and 16th Army Corps have been discontinued as orgaizations. Two companies from each regiment of artillery of the regular army will be immediately designated by regimental commanders, irrespectively, to be retained as mounted batteries. The remaining companies, except those now serving west of Mississippi river, will be dismounted.

☞ Of the hundred and forty-three money order offices in the twenty-nine States, 27,044 orders were issued during the past quarter, transmitting $455,465,47, for which the Government received $4152 08 as fees. The amount transmitted is $103,000 less than the previous quarter, which is to be accounted for by the payment of our soldiers in the first quarter of the year.

☞ In June, 1864, it was found in the Treasury Department that one hundred $1,000 bonds, with coupons attached, were missing. The detectives were notified, and after a thorough investigation, they arrested in New York on Saturday last a Mr. W. W. Wittlesey, a former clerk in the Loan office, who confessed his guilt. No money was found on him, but he told the officers where some of the coupons were secreted. He was lodged in jail at Washington.

☞ The Secretary of War having occupied Ford's Theatre, has informed the latter's counsel that he recognizes his right to compensation, and after a careful investigation of the value of the building, has rented it until the last of February next for $1,500 per month, with privilege of purchasing it for $100,000 the price agreed upon with the Christian Commission, if Congress see proper to do so; if not to return it in good condition. The building will probably be used as a depository of the rebel archives.

Items about Home.

Wanted.—Ebensburg is in need of a telegraph. This is the county seat of Cambria county.

Shop-Lifting.—This business is being carried on to some extent in Mifflin, to the annoyance of merchants.

Soldiers' Orphans.—There are 120 orphan children of deceased soldiers connected with the Orphan School at McAlisterville, Juniata county. Col. McFarland is principal of the school.

Injured.—Christian Enigh, of Martinsburg, Blair county, a returned soldier of the 205th Pa. Vol., was seriously injured by the premature discharge of a pistol he was handling at the time.

Oats Crop.—The oats crop of Juniata county is pronounced by the farmers to be the best and most abundant they have had for ten years past.—Wheat is a partial failure. Corn and potatoes promise a good yield.

Badly Burned.—On Saturday, Mr. Groom, while assisting in preparing a blast in the hearth of Furnace No. 1, of the Blair county Iron and Coal Co., was badly burned by the powder suddenly igniting, blowing up in his face.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

	August, 2.
Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$8,25@8,75
Common and Superfine	$6,50@7,25
Rye Flour	$5,00
Corn Meal	$4,75
Extra White Wheat	$2,15@2,25
Fair and Prime Red	$1,80@2,05
Rye	105
Corn, prime Yellow	95
Oats	65
Barley	$1.00
Cloverseed, 64 lbs.	$17.50
Timothy	$4,50
Flaxseed	$2,50
Wool	62@75
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Extra Family Flour Bbl	$10,00
Extra do Cwt	8,00
White Wheat	1,85
Red Wheat	1,75
Rye	1,00
Corn	90
Oats	50
Cloverseed	10,00
Flaxseed	1,00
Dried Apples	5,00
Butter	20
Eggs	20
Lard	20
Ham	30
Shoulder	22
Sides	14
Tallow	10

Candidates.

For all announcements of ten lines or less, $2; for every additional line (ten words to a line,) 20 cents—payable in advance.

COUNTY TREASURER.—Please announce the name of EPHRAIM BAKER, of Springfield Township, (one of the seven brothers who responded to the first call for soldiers,) as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. SPRINGFIELD.
August 2, 1865-tc.

SHERIFF.
We are requested to announce DAVID CLARKSON, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. jy11*

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.—We are authorized to announce Capt. THOMAS S. MCCAHAN as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county, subject to the approval of the Union Co. convention to convene during the month of August next.
Huntingdon, May 31, 1865.-tc*

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention, to be held in August next.
Cromwell township. JOHN B. SHENEFELT.
Mr. Shenefelt is a respectable and intelligent farmer of Cromwell township, who states that he does not intend canvassing the county to secure delegates, as he has not the time nor the desire to do so.
June 19, '65.

COUNTY TREASURER.—We are requested to announce Captain THOMAS B. REED, of Huntingdon, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the approval of the Union County Convention.
Huntingdon, June 19, '65-*

TREASURER.—MR. EDITOR:—Please announce the name of HENRY J. SMITH, as a candidate for Treasurer subject to the decision of Union County Convention.
Mr. Smith enlisted as a private in the company raised by Captain J. H. Wintrode, in September, 1861, and served with his regiment (the 53d Penna. Vols.) throughout thewar. After the battle of Fair Oaks, in June 1862, he was promoted to the 2d Lieutenancy of his company, and served in that capacity until January 1st, 1863, when he was promoted to Captain, and held that commission until the end of the war. He was engaged in every battle fought by the army of the Potomac until the time of his capture in June, 1864, before Petersburg.
He was severely wounded at the first battle of Fredericksburg, and also at the battle of Gettysburg. He still carries in his shoulder the ball received at Gettysburg, and experienced all the horrors of the rebel prisons for nine months.
He is a young man, good character, and fully competent to discharge the duties of the office.
june21,1865* WALKER TOWNSHIP.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.
We are advised to announce HON. WM. B. LEAS as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the approval of the Union County Convention. jy12*

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—The suggestion contained in the *Journal & American* of last week, bringing forward the name of THOMAS FISHER of Huntingdon, for Associate Judge meets with decided approval in our section of the county. Mr. Fisher has been long known by the farmers in this valley as a man of sound judgment and strict integrity, and we know that he is the *right* man for the place
June 14, '65-tc.* PENN & WALKER.

ASSEMBLY.
EDITOR OF GLOBE:—Announce CAPT. JOHN LIVINGSTON, of West township, a brave and wounded soldier, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. jy12*tc

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.—We announce HENRY A. MARK, of Juniata township, as a suitable candidate for Director of the Poor at the coming October election.
Mr. Mark was elected last Fall to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Hackedorn, who removed to the West. He is acquainted with the affairs of the Directorship, and being a shrewd business man, honest, courteous and humane, with the experience he has obtained, it will be decidedly to the interest of the tax-payers to re-elect him. The Directorship is one of the most important offices of the County, and should be judiciously filled.
In presenting Mr. Mark for re-election, we do it in view of his acceptance, and the concurrence of the Union Nominating Convention.—*Shirleysburg Herald.* jo27'65

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.—The undersigned will meet the teachers and school directors of this county for the public examination of applicants, as indicated in the following table:

Porter tp., and Alexandria bor.,	Aug.	17, at Alexandria
Morris township,	"	18, at Spruce Creek.
Franklin township,	"	19, at Franklinville
West township,	"	22, at S. C. Bridge.
Carbon twp., and Coalmont bor.,	"	24, at Coalmont.
Warriormark township,	"	26, at Birmingham
Brady township,	"	28, at Mill Creek.
Walker township,	September	2, at R. R. Station

Other appointments to be made known hereafter.
R. MCDIVITT, Co. Supt.
Huntingdon, August 2, 1865.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Society.

THE Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society will hold its Exhibition on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 26, 27, 28 and 29, 1865, at
WILLIAMSPORT, LYCOMING COUNTY.
Any information desired will be given upon personal application or by letter to the undersigned at Norristown, or A. BOYD HAMILTON, President, Harrisburg.
The office of the Society will be open at Williamsport on and after the 5th of September.
A. BROWER LONGANECKER,
Norristown, Aug. 1, 1865. Secretary.

HOTEL FURNITURE for SALE,
AND
Hotel and Boarding House for Rent.

The furniture now in use in the JACKSON HOUSE, Huntingdon, is offered for sale on terms to suit the purchaser, and possession will be given as soon as satisfactory arrangements are entered into. Extention of the lease of the Hotel can be secured by calling on R. M. Cunningham. The house is doing a good business.
ALSO, FOR RENT—The large stone building opposite the Penna. Railroad Depot, now being fitted for a boarding house. The building will be finished by the 1st of September.
For further information inquire at the Jackson House.
Huntingdon, Aug. 2, '65.-3t.

WANTED.—A GIRL to do house work. Good wages will be paid.
Huntingdon, July 25-2t* MRS. S. T. BROWN.

☞ Read new advertisements.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
JULY 20, 1865.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 3 30 and 10 30 P. M.
The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 and 8 15 a. m. trains, without change.
Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.
Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.
Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 8 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 15 A. M., and 2 35 P. M; Tamaqua at 3 15 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 1 a. m., 7 35 and 10 45 A. M., 1 35 and 6 05 P. M.
An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5.00 P. M.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 and 10 55 A. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Columbia, &c.
On Sundays, leave New York at 8 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 50 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 1 00 a. m., for Harrisburg.
COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.
Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.
G. A. NICOLLE,
Reading, July 19, 1865. *General Superintendent.*

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Lev Fa., Ven. Ex. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, ON MONDAY, 28TH DAY of AUGUST A D 1865, at two o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:
A lot of ground in the borough of *Coalmont, and numbered 172 in plot of said borough*, extending 50 feet front and 150 feet back, with a two story frame tavern house 50 feet front by 30 feet back. Kitchen and other outbuildings, also, a good frame stable, adjoining lands of Samuel Brooks on Evans street on the north east. Taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Lang.
Also, All that certain farm, plantation and tract of land, situate in Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, on which Andrew Banks now resides on the ridge, adjoining lands of Thomas Hooper on the north and westerly sides, lands of Asaph Price on the south and easterly sides, containing about ninety acres, with the usual allowance, be the same more or less, about fifty acres more or less cleared, with a log dwelling house, weather boarded, one story and a half high, a small frame barn and other improvements thereon. Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Foreman.
Also, All the defendant's right, title and interest in and to one lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon, fronting on Franklin street 50 feet, and extending back 160 feet having thereon erected one frame house adjoining lot of W. K. Rahm on the south, lot of Hon. George Taylor on the north, and lot of Robert Lott on the west. Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Michael Nale and Margaret Nale, his wife.
NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.—Bidders at Sheriff's Sales will take notice that immediately upon the property being knocked down, fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.
Sheriff's Sales will hereafter be made on Monday of the first week of Court, and the deeds acknowledged on *the following Saturday.*
GEO. W. JOHNSTON, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, July 25, 1865.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday the 14th *day of August next, (1865,) to wit:*
1. Administration account of Eli P. Brumbaugh, Administrator of the estate of Daniel P. Brumbaugh, late of Hopewell twp., deceased.
2. Administration account of Richard Cunningham, Administrator of the estate of John Cunningham, late of Barree twp., deceased.
3. Guardianship account of Michael Rider, Guardian of Samuel F. Rumberger, late a minor son of George Rumberger, deceased, the said ward being now deceased.
4. Guardianship account of Michael Rider, Guardian of George Rumberger, late a minor son of George Rumberger, deceased, but now of age.
5. The Administration account of Liberty J. Parker, Administrator of Hugh M. Parker, late of Jackson twp., deceased.
6. The account of Wm. Yawn, Administrator of the estate of Thomas Yawn, late of Tell twp., deceased.
7. Administration account of John G. Weight and Abraham Weight, Administrators of the estate of Daniel Weight of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
8. Final account of James R. Lane, Executor of the estate of James Lane, late of Brady twp., deceased.
9. Supplemental and final Administration account of Moses Swoope and Thomas Dean, Administrators of the estate of Caleb Swoope, late of Union twp., deceased.
10. Administration account of James Harper, Administrator of William Rutter, late of Orbisonia, Huntingdon county, deceased.
11. Administration account of James Harper, Administrator of the estate of James Gilleland, late of Cromwell twp., deceased.
12. Account of John Silverthorn, Administrator of the estate of William Campbell, late of Tell twp., deceased.
13. Final account of Cathrine Shaver, (now Catharine Stewart,) Guardian of William Winfield Shaver, minor son of William Shaver, late of Shirley twp., deceased, the said William Winfield being now deceased.
14. Administration and distribution accounts of David P. Gwin, Administrator of the Hon. James Gwin, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
15. Guardianship account of Samuel Wigton, Guardian of Adeline Patterson, (formerly Adeline Mattern,) daughter of Jacob S. Mattern, late of Franklin twp., deceased, said minor being now of age.
16. Administration account of Adolphus P. White, Administrator of Henry T. White, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
17. Final account of John McNeal, Administrator, of the estate of Jacob G. Ketterman, late of Clay twp., deceased.
18. Supplemental account of John S. Isett, Administrator of the estate of James Gardner, late of Franklin twp., deceased.
19. Account of Jacob E. Graffius, Administrator of the estate of Nicholas Graffius, late of Franklin tp., deceased.
20. Account of Peter J. Snyder, one of the Administrators of Charles J. Snyder, late of Juniata twp., decd.
21. Account of Thomas P. Campbell, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Isaac Fisher, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased.
22. Administration account of Andrew Crownover, Executor of the last will and testament of Hezekiah Crownover, late of Barree twp., deceased.
23. Administration account of And. Crownover, and Van Buren Hirst, Administrators of John Hirst, late of Barree twp., deceased.
24. Guardianship account of John M. Bailey, Guardian of Judith L. Stewart, minor daughter of Joseph Stewart, deceased, the said Judith L. being now also deceased.
DANIEL W. WOMELSDORF, Register.
Register's Office, Huntingdon, July 15, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of the goods and Chattels set to widows, under the provisions of the act of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county and will be presented for approval by the Court on Monday the 14th day of August next, (1865,):
1. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of George Rupert, late of Henderson twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Mary S. Rupert.
2. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of George A Flanagan late of Tod township deceased set apart to his widow Rachel Flanagan.
3. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Andrew Gilliland, late of Cromwell township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Gilliland
4. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Peter Curfman, late of Cass township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Curfman.
5. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John A. Smith, late of Clay township, deceased, taken by his widow Mary Smith.
6. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Patrick G. Davis, late of Porter township, deceased, elected to be retained by the heirs of said deceased.
7. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Bice, late of Union township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Jane Bice.
8. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Thos. Ashton, late of Springfield township, deceased, set apart to his widow Elizabeth Ashton.
9. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of William Brown, late of Cromwell township deceased, set apart to his widow Nancy Brown.
10. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Parsons late of Tell township, deceased, set apart to his widow Nancy Parsons.
11. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Shue, late of Clay township deceased, set apart to his widow Rebecca Shue.
12. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Samuel Watson, late of Walker township, deceased, set apart to his widow Catharine Watson.
13. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of William Maffit, late of Juniata township, deceased, elected to be retained by Christiana Maffit widow of said deceased.
14. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Joseph Lefford, late of Juniata township, deceased, set apart to his widow Lydia Lefford.
15. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Joseph Oburn, late of Jackson township deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Oburn.
16. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Daniel Barr, late of Jackson township, deceased, set apart to his widow Martha Barr.
17. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Abraham McCoy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd, set apart to his widow Ann McCoy.
18. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John McIlrath, late of Carbon township, deceased, set apart to his widow Margaret McIlrath.
DANIEL WOMELSDORF, Register.
July 10, 1865.

FRUIT CANS, TIN, STONE and GLASS FRUIT CANS of all sizes, for sale at HENRY & MILLER'S

Henry & Miller's,

The place to buy cheap SUGAR, to put up fruit.
July 19, 1865-3w.

RECEIVING GOODS DAILY,

We are still receiving Goods daily, by Express and the Pennsylvania Railroad, that we will sell cheap. HENRY & MILLER.

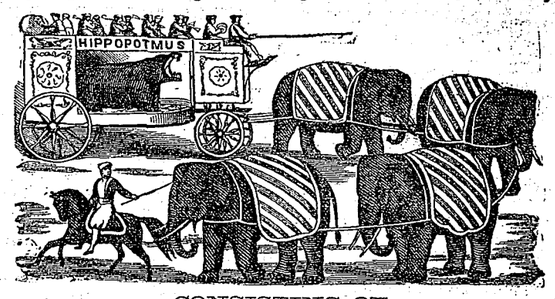
Gold Pens & Pencils,

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

Fresh Garden & Flower Seeds,

For Sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf.

G. F. BAILEY & CO'S
METROPOLITAN AND
QUADRUPLE COMBINATION
ENLARGED, IMPROVED, AND REORGANIZED,
Being at present the Largest Traveling Establishment in the Country;



CONSISTING OF

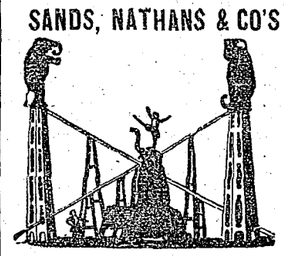
I.
JAMES MELVILLE & CO'S GRAND CIRCUS,

And World Renowned EQUESTRIAN TROUPE, comprising the STAR RIDERS of both Hemispheres.

II.
HERR DRIESBACK'S EXTENSIVE MENAGERIE,

Comprising a magnificent collection of rare BEASTS and REPTILES,—among which will be found LIONS, TIGERS, LEOPARDS, HYENAS, CONGARS, LYNX, PUMAS, LAMAS, PANTHERS, &c., BIRDS of Gorgeous Plumage, and a Colony of MONKEYS.

III.
SANDS, NATHANS & CO'S PERFORMING ELEPHANTS!



Whose Wonderful Feats surpass anything ever before witnessed, and whose extreme docility and intelligence have attracted the attention of the most noted *savant* and students of Natural History.

IV.
THE GIGANTIC HIPPOPOTAMUS!
Or, "BEHEMOTH," of Holy Writ,

Of whom it is declared (Jon 40—33) "Upon earth there is not his like."—This rare specimen of the brute creation, the last vestige of *pre-Adamic existence*, was captured by the present keeper, ALI, the Egyptian, by order of the Viceroy of Egypt, 2000 miles above Cairo, on the White Nile, in Africa, and was imported into this country at an expense of more than $40,000, by G. C. QUICK, Esq., with whom such arrangements have been made as to enable the Management to present him to the public in conjunction with the other unique attractions which make up this Cataclysm of wonders comprising this gigantic combination.

The Circus Troupe



is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE ever combined in one establishment, being composed of the MOST POPULAR, SKILFUL and ACCOMPLISHED PERFORMERS in the profession, having been selected from the first establishments in Europe and America. Among the principal Artistes are the following:

MADAME MELVILLE, the Australian Equestrienne, the most beautiful and accomplished Lady Rider in the world;
JAMES MELVILLE, the Australian Performer, who stands without a peer in the arena. The distinguished Australian family whose Equestrian and Miscellaneous Performances have won a world-wide reputation;
MASTER FRANK MELVILLE, the youthful Equestrian;
MASTER SAMUEL MELVILLE, a wonder in perfection in all he attempts
GEORGE MELVILLE, the principal Equestrian.
PHILO NATHANS, an artiste whose praise is great in months of wisest censure, whose performances on one, two, three and four horses are excelled by no one in the world;
WM. KINKAID, the man of a hundred Somersalts, and the renowned representative of the Eccentric PETE JENKINS;
SHAPPEE & WHITNEY, the Acrobats, par excellence of the United States, the most daring and thrilling Trapeze Performers ever seen;
JIM WARD, the funniest of Clowns in Comic Songs, Sayings, Dances, Slack Rope exercises, Plate Spinning, Tumbling, never failing to create a big fuss generally;
PROFESSOR LANGWORTHY, Maitre du Cirque and Lecturer; who during the exhibition of the Hippopotamus will entertain the audience with an exceedingly accurate and very interesting description of the animal, which he has compiled from the most reliable sources.
B. WILBANKS, the great Gymnast Rider from California.
J. Withers, Ryan Noonan, Solomon Pratt, George Jones, Johannes Pomroy, Fred. Avery, M'lle. Frivola, Miss Rosa Tremain, and a host of others, comprising Gymnasts, Acrobats, Vaulters, &c.
J. WITHER'S famous Washington Brass Band.

THE STUD OF HORSES,



is composed of the finest English, American and Arabian thoroughbreds, HIGHLY TRAINED, and MAGNIFICENTLY CAPARISONED; and the programme of the arena will comprise all the elegant, sensational, thrilling, comic, and entertaining novelties of the day.

The whole of these MAGNIFICENT ATTRACTIONS will be exhibited in

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

MONDAY, AUG. 7,

AT 2 and 7, P. M.,

Under ONE ENORMOUS PAVILLION, for one price of admission, which notwithstanding the enormous outlay attendant upon such an unprecedented combination, is fixed at the low figure of **50 Cents.** CHILDREN under ten years of age, HALF PRICE.

THE GRAND PROCESSION

Will enter the town at 11 o'clock, a m,
preceded by the

GIGANTIC HIPPOPOTAMUS,

drawn by a

TEAM OF ELEPHANTS,

[four in number,] followed by



WITHER'S WASHINGTON OPERA BAND, the GRAND MENAGERIE, the EXTENSIVE CIRCUS, and TROUPE OF ARTISTES, together with the GORGEOUS PARAPHERNALIA of the Metropolitan Combination.

C. H. FARNESWORTH, Agt. J. MELVILLE, Director of Arena.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Aug. 2, 1865.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Delegate Elections.

The Union men of Huntingdon county are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections, in the several Boroughs and Townships of the county, on *Saturday, the 12th day of August next*, and elect two delegates from each township and borough to meet in Convention, at Huntingdon on Tuesday, the 14th day of August next, to nominate candidates for the several offices of the county. The polls will be open in the townships from 5 to 7 o'clock, and in the boroughs from 7 to 9 o'clock.

HENRY GRAFFUS, Chairman.
Alexandria, July 26, 1865.

☞ Preaching in the German Reformed Church next Sabbath evening.

☞ A letter from Captain Johnson's company states that the 195th Regiment was to go to Harper's Ferry on the 22d, en route for home.

Subscribe at Once.

We understand that Capt. Harrison, agent for the "Family Record," will, in no case, sell the work except by subscription. It cannot be had at the stores.

Accident.

Our friend Mr. Green Dorsey, of this place, last week sprained his right ankle by jumping off a car on the Broad Top Road. The sprain is getting better.

New Goods.

D. P. Gwin, in the Diamond, will be pleased to display to the examination of his customers the new lot of Goods received by him. Call and purchase.

☞ The "boys" are returning home rapidly. Every day we meet with new comers too numerous to mention. We hope they may enjoy good health for many long years and never regret their active life in front of the enemies of their country.

Circus Day.

Huntingdon was a scene of some confusion on Saturday last, the day of the Circus. More than the usual potions of whiskey poison were swallowed, which resulted in a few fights, and made the occasion of the prospect for many more. But little blood spilt, and nobody hurt more than they *ought* to have been.

Dental Operations.

DR. J. W. ISENBERG, of Altoona, will visit Warriorsmark on the 2d Tuesday and Wednesday, the 8th and 9th of August. The Dr's time is so essential in Altoona that if it were not for previous engagements he would fail entirely to make his visit this month; therefore any others desiring his professional services will do well to call as soon as possible as he will remain only part of two days and must return to Altoona as soon as possible. To give evidence of his ability to render perfect satisfaction, he would direct all persons to his former visits and patrons. 1t*

Agricultural Society.

A regular meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House on Tuesday evening of the first week of the coming August Court (15th inst.) The propriety of holding a County Fair during the coming fall will be taken into consideration, and other business of importance to the society transacted

It is desirable and important that there be as full an attendance as possible of the officers of the Association, as well as of the public generally.

GRAFFUS MILLER, Pres't.
Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1865.

INTERNAL REVENUE. — Below we publish a statement of the amount of the Annual Assessment of Internal Revenue in this district. It is far in excess of any previous assessment, being $73,000 more than the list of 1863, and $55,000 more than that of 1864. The articles embraced in Schedule A consist of watches, carriages, pianos, and silver plate:

	SCHEDULE A. LICENSES.	INCOMES.	TOTAL.
Huntingdon	943 25	6,235 00	29,890 57	$37,118 82
Blair	1,012 65	8,429 17	28,185 60	37,627 42
Cambria	189 60	6,390 00	6,715 16	13,234 76
Mifflin	457 00	3,891 36	11,323 24	15,671 60
	$2,602 70	$24,935 53	$76,114 57	$103,652 80

Summer Drink.

Put two quarts of fresh raspberries into a stone or glazed vessel (whose glazing will not be affected by acids) and pour on them a quart of good vinegar. Let it stand twenty-four hours, and then strain out the juice and vinegar. To each pint of this, add a pound of pulverized white sugar and put it into a porcelain kettle to boil smartly for about half an hour, removing all the scum as it rises.—When cold, bottle and seal. Half a gill of this, stirred in a tumbler full of cold water, makes a delicious drink.—Dewberries or blackberries can be used in the same manner—only using just as much vinegar as will cover the fruit.—*Ex.*

The Improvements in the Modern and Ancient Borough.

The cellars for two buildings in West Huntingdon have almost been finished. The building being erected on the north of the enclosure is the property of Mr. Artley: and is to be frame, that on the southern end is to be occupied as the Baptist Parsonage, and to be built of brick. The tide of population and improvement marches nortwesterly from the ancient village. Let it march.

The Fishers are building a cooper shop in West Huntingdon, of which the foundation is already constructed.

The ground in West Huntingdon to be occupied as the Pennsylvania freight car repair shop is rapidly being cleared and of course the building will rapidly go up. We suppose the Penna Railroad Company will be obliged to build dwelling houses for the employees in this shop, which will swell the number of houses. So much, so good.

Graffus Miller is erecting a building on the northeast cornor of Church and Bath streets, and opposite the Methodist Church. The foundation has been laid, and the three story brick will soon present an imposing front.

James A. Brown's rising building on Hill street, to the west of Lewis' Book Store still continues to rise. This is a mammoth structure, and we are glad to see it "rushing up." By fall, it is thought, it will be under roof.

Mrs. Hall has had some extensive and beautiful additions made to her house on Mifflin street, between Montgomery and Smith streets. She is fitting it up for the accommodation of boarders.

The large brick house on Railroad street, belonging to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is undergoing some improvements on the first floor. The telegraph and ticket office have been removed to the entry and the rooms on each side are to be used as sitting rooms. The main entrance to the former hall in front has been removed, and a window is to take its place. This was much needed, as passengers found it difficult to pass between the large porch and a standing train.

The stone house opposite to the above and purchased by Mr. Joseph Morrison, is being fitted up for a boarding house.

Our borough fathers are not idle, either. For we see they are going to plant some street crossings where most needed.

The Court House is being rejuvenated from top to bottom, and the court room is now so repaired as to accommodate plenty of people in a convenient and comfortable manner.

The western lower room of the *Globe* building, latterly used as our press room, is being painted and otherwise rejuvenated, preparatory to its occupation by B. M. Greene, as a music room and office. This identical room has been adapted to wise and unwise purposes since its existence; for many years it was a bar room, and like as not many a row took place between its walls; again it was a doctor's shop where many a pill was compounded, again it was a printing office, where many a bill was "confounded;" and next it is to be a musical room, where music will be profound(ed,) and instrument bills propounded. Confound it! our "oldest inhabitants" may, in their musings, have found it more than we have above enumerated.

The above list of improvements embrace all that we are definitely cognizant of, but we hear of others that are soon to be made visible when convenience justifies. Until they are made visible, and we have our eyes open, we will not notice them. There are many improvements we would like to see added to the above, but until the moneyed men and moneyed corporations see as we see and others see, we cannot see any improvement. Don't you see. Huntingdon, it cannot be said, has not done well in the way of improvement this year, and we are led to believe the spirit will not die out. The men of capital who have invested in building this year cannot keep their mouths shut as to the advantages of their investment, and others will be led to profit by their wise example. At least, everybody hopes they will. We don't think the "ancient borough" will look so "ancient" after the year expires.

Another Show Coming.

Next Monday there will exhibit in this place Bailey & Co's Quadruple Combination, embracing a Circus and Menagerie, &c.

We are led to believe, from the sights on the conspicuous show-bills, that this will be the grandest show and circus combined that ever visited this place. The agent has represented to us that everything displayed upon the bills will be performed, and we think to the entire satisfaction of all. The most prominent feature of the Combination is the Hippopotamus, the Behemoth of Holy Writ, which, of itself, to look at is worth the price of admission. This animal will be drawn through town by elephants, and will head the Procession, which all should be in to witness. Besides these animals, there is a list of others, from elephants down to monkeys; birds, of all sizes and from all climes, &c., &c.

Our citizens have a good idea of this show already, and we are confident all will be satisfied and gratified who attend it. Remember the date, Monday next, August 7, 1865, and don't fail to witness the Procession at 10 o'clock, A. M.

MARRIED,

On Thursday, 20th inst., by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. CHARLES G. SHARRER, Co. G, 190th P. V., to Miss ELMIRA E. CARMON, both of this place.

Soldiers are "trump," now-a-days, and it is well that it is so. Scarcely was the above home from the wars until he enlisted in a new and holier cause, took up the arms of a benedict, and is determined to fight until the end under the banner of Prince Matrimony. We can predict for the gallant veteran soldier and his fair life companion a victorious and pleasant warfare with life's difficulties and responsibilities, and hope they may live to enjoy the blessings of love for many, many years. The happy pair have our thanks for their kind and true remembrance, as well as our congratulations upon the event of their joyful linking to the connubial chain.

CANDIDATES.

MESSRS EDITORS OF THE GLOBE.—Having seen the name of Capt. Thos. S. McCahan in the loyal papers of Huntingdon, I feel gratified that the Captain has offered himself as a candidate for the high office of Sheriff, of this, his native county of Huntingdon, subject to the nominating Union County Convention, that assembles in Huntingdon at the coming August court. The time has come when the patriotic citizens of old Huntingdon will stamp with their approbation all the honors that is due to true and tried patriotism. The office of Sheriff is an important one, and can only be entrusted to true Union men. Of other candidates offering themselves, I have nothing to say. But where a man, like Captain McCahan, has served his country with courage and fidelity; and will carry the scars of his honorable wounds to his grave, I have no doubt, the patriotism and pride of Huntingdon County will be disposed to reciprocate, by conferring on him the honor that he asks. Captain McCahan has been through the whole of this war, brought upon us by this untoward rebellion and I know, from the mouths of men who served under him, true bravery, skill, and goodness of heart, were his predominating characteristics, through every battle. He enlisted in the three months service, and after an honorable discharge at the expiration of that term, he, together with some of his brave patriots in arms re-enlisted for the term of three years, or during the war, when he raised a company of cavalry, of which he was made first Lieutenant and subsequently, by his highly approved conduct, was promoted to the Captainey. In which capacity he served in the Southwestern army under Generals Sherman and Thomas, in more than 15 general battles and was at last badly wounded in a fight against John Morgan, the great Rebel Chief, at a place called Yankeetown, near Sparta, in Tennessee. The severity of the wound obliged him to retire from the service for some five months when he rejoined the army and remained until again compelled to retire, on account of his wound, which was near the end of the war. I think for such services Capt. McCahan is entitled to high consideration at the hands of the patriotic citizens who are to assemble in August. Too much cannot be done for those men who have risked their lives and shed their blood for the preservation of the constitution and this glorious Union. These men, like Captain McCahan, volunteered their services to their country, without bounties or sinister considerations, and freely offered themselves a sacrifice upon the altar of their country, when sympathizers behind and enemies in front were striving to pull down the columns of our glorious Union! For these reasons, Messrs. Editors, I have thought to write this communication, believing, as I do, for pure patriotism and true fidelity to the country, no county in the commonwealth stands firmer than does old Huntingdon, and is more willing to honor her sons who have shed so much lustre on her renown. Captain McCahan is a man of high moral character and possesses every qualification to fill the office for which his friends recommend him; he is a true Union man. I have known him long—possesses a kind, good heart and will make an urbane and lenient officer.

BIRMINGHAM.

July 27, 1865.

Editor of the Globe:

We are gratified to see announced in your paper the name of Captain J. A. LIVINGSTON as a candidate for Assembly. We know the Captain's honesty and integrity; he is no truckling politician. We believe his name has been announced by some of his friends without his solicitation; but patriotism should be rewarded. In the fall of '61 he volunteered to help put down the accursed rebellion. He went out as a Lieutenant and was promoted to Captain. He served about three and a half years in the army. We are of the same opinion as "Occasional" of *The Press*: "Soldiers are deserving of reward—they are qualified for civil trust and civil labor. If the hundreds of thousands who went forth to put down the rebellion had not been composed of superior moral and mental elements, they would not have borne their inconceivable burdens so uncomplainingly. Death, wounds, destitution, long marches, and all the countless disasters by flood and field, were endured with a firmness and a patience that appalled the grumblers at home and made the world wonder."

If the Captain gets the nomination, Oneida will roll up a strong vote for him.

John Cochrane,	Henry Wilson,
Georgo Greene,	James Moore,
G. W. Kamberlin,	Charles Green,
J. K. Wilson,	J W. Waldsmith.

Oneida twp., July 25, 1865.

EAST SANDY, July 15, 1865.

Editors Globe:

In looking over your paper we see the name of Captain THOMAS S. MCCAHAN announced as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. I served under the Captain for nearly three years and know him to be both a soldier and gentleman. He is every way qualified for the office and every man that loves his country should feel it a privilege to vote for one that has proved himself to be a true man upon the field of action. I am satisfied if the Army of the Cumberland could have a chance to speak, they would one and all tell you to go for the Captain and elect him, and you would have the right man in the right place. I would like to ask the voters of Huntingdon county if they will forget the men that stood in the first rank when Rebellion threatened to destroy this government? And should not the men who have been crippled for life be remembered, and the highest encomium that the citizens of their native counties could bestow upon them be given to the worthy? I wish I could take you back with me over the Cumberland mountains, to the scenes of other days; could you but see the Captain as he lay there on his back, after he was wounded, cheering up the men and assuring them that he would be in the saddle in the morning; always cheerful and at all times ready for duty. Why should I write to tell you who Captain McCahan is, for you all know him.—When you go for your tickets be sure to get one with the Captain's full name, and then stick it in at the window. I have seen the Captain in several little scrapes with the hierarchy of the South, and I am sorry to have to tell you he came out crippled for life. I feel sure Old Huntingdon Co. will do justice to the brave and deserving soldier.

I am your most obedient servant,
J. W. MYTON.

Blair County Nominations.—J. G. Adlum is the Union nominee for the Assembly in Blair county; Benj. F. Rose and Adam Moses, for Associate Judges; Col. D. M. Jones, for Register and Recorder; John C. Biddle, for Commissioner; James McKim, for Auditor; H. C. Nicodomus, for Surveyor. Resolutions of confidence in President Johnson and Governor Curtin were adopted by the Convention.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Jacob Showalter, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Showalter, late of Juniata township, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
ANTHONY PARKS,
July 19, 1865–6t*. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Abraham McCoy, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary, on the estate of Abraham McCoy, late of Huntingdon, Huntingdon Co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated.
DAVID BLACK,
July 19, '65. 6t. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Robert Lee, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of Robert Lee, late of Penn township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
JAMES LEE,
July 19, 1865-6t* Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—
[Estate of Daniel Barr, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of Daniel Barr, late of Jackson township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.
STERRETT CUMMINS,
June 21, 1865–6t*. Executor.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1865, under the hands and seal of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benjamin F. Patton and William B. Leas his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 14th day) of August next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 19th day July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and the 89th year of American Independence.
GEO. W. JOHNSTON, *Sheriff.*

DR. VENARD'S
STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.
This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.
☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.
☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.
It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."
☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.
SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

Pollock's Philadelphia Mercantile College,
ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.
Located on the N. W. Corner of 7th and (701) *Chestnut sts.* (701)
Designed exclusively to impart a thorough and PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.
All classes of persons require such an education. Those possessing means, need it in conducting *their own* business Those without means need it in obtaining and creditably filling lucrative positions in the *employ of others.*
The course of instruction and practice is arranged so as to fully meet the diversified wants of every department of DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TRADE,
as comprehended or embraced under the three general divisions of industry: Agriculture, Manufacture and Commerce.
Each student is instructed individually in both theory and practice of Book Keeping, according to the most approved and labor saving methods, Business Penmanship, Calculations, and all the collateral branches of a complete course of business education; and upon passing a satisfactory examination is awarded, by authority of law, a diploma, under the corporate seal of the college.
Students are received at any time. And it is believed that a practical experience of *over* TWENTY YEARS will be considered by the public an ample guarantee of the practical character of the course and efficiency of the instruction.
All further information desired can be obtained at the college, or by addressing the Principal for a circular by mail.
☞ A liberal discount is allowed to wounded and honorably discharged soldiers. The college is open day and evening.
T. H. POLLOCK, Atty-at-Law,
jy12,1865 Principal.

Another New Lot of Wall Paper,
Just received at Lewis' Book Store.

E. M'BURNEY. E. P. THOMPSON.
M'BURNEY & THOMPSON,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 148 Market st.
PHILADELPHIA.
ny12,1865-3m.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.
The undersigned will sell for a reasonable price the following real estate situate in DUBLIN Township, Huntingdon county, belonging to Mrs. Eliza M. Pym:
No. 1.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, William Stewart, and others, containing one hundred and sixteen acres and sixty-five perches, more or less.
No. 2.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, James Kelly, and James Cree, containing seventeen acres, more or less.
No. 3.—Adjoining the above and containing seventeen acres and thirty-six perches, part whereof is cleared.
The real estate above mentioned was purchased by Mrs. Eliza M. Pym at Sheriff's sale of the property of William Campbell.
Any person wishing to purchase the above properties can ascertain the full particulars and terms of sale by calling on H. C. Robson, Esq., of Shade Gap, or
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY.
Huntingdon, July 12, 1865. Attys. for E. M. Pym.

Public Sale.
Will be sold at public sale at the late residence of Jacob Showalter, in JUNIATA township,
On Thursday, the 3d day of August 1865,
A FARM OF 150 ACRES,
more or less; 100 acres of which are under cultivation, the balance well timbered. The improvements are two Dwelling Houses with large frame bank barn and other good necessary outbuildings.—There are two good apple orchards and a variety of other fruit of all kinds on the premises, and the whole well watered.
Terms made known on day of sale, and possession given on 1st of April, 1866.
N. B.—On said there will also be sold one Mare and colt, Buggy, one bed and other articles of household furniture.
ANTHONY PARKS,
jly12 Administrator.

CASSVILLE SEMINARY.
A School for Young Ladies & Gentlemen.
The next session of this Institution will open on the first Tuesday of August. This institution is pleasantly located in central Pennsylvania, about 13 miles from Mill Creek, a station on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, with which it is connected by a tri-weekly line of stages. The scenery is picturesque. The buildings large, airy, and abundantly supplied with pure mountain water. Ample accommodations for one hundred pupils.
A full and efficient corps of teachers has been employed and no pains or expense spared to render it one of the first institutions of learning in the country.
For the benefit of those preparing to teach, a Normal Class has been started under the direct supervision of the principal, in which practical instruction will be given in the theory and practice of Teaching.
TERMS PER QUARTER OF ELEVEN WEEKS.
Tuition, Boarding and Room Rent..... $37 00
Music, Latin and Greek, extra.
For further particulars, address,
W. A. HUNTER, Principal,
jy12 Cassville, Huntingdon co., Pa.

NOW OPEN,
WHARTON & MAGUIRE'S
NEW
Hardware Store,
IN THE BROAD TOP DEPOT BUILDING.
The public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.
Huntingdon, June 28, 1865.

LOTS FOR SALE
IN
WEST HUNTINGDON, PA.
APPLY TO
WM. DORRIS, JR.,
Agent for J. E. Thomson.
Huntingdon, June 20, 1865.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.
THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of
SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.
ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.
A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, June 7, 1865.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS.
CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town
LEOPOLD BLOOM
HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he offers to the public
AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.
His stock consists of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.
His store is at the
OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA.,
Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers, LEOPOLD BLOOM.
Huntingdon, May 10, 1865.

GOOD NEWS!
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!
THE success of our armies and the consequent decline in the price of gold and other commodities, enable me to send
GOOD TIDINGS TO THE BLACKSMITHS,
and all others who buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &c.
Having moved my store to the large and commodious Bricker Store Room, I have received a large assortment of WAGON TIRE, HORSE SHOE IRON, round and square BAR IRON, bought from the makers since the decline in gold, which I am selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
All persons wishing to buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, LOCKS, PAINTS, GLASS, or any kind of HARDWARE for cash, will save money by sending their orders, or calling at the Hardware Store of
JAMES A. BROWN,
April 5, '65. Huntingdon, Pa.

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
Clock & Watch Maker,
At the old stand of Swartz & McCabe,
HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.
my10,1865-6m

Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that, having obtained from the manufacturers, the sole Agency for the sale of STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & COS' MELODEONS, he is prepared to furnish instruments to persons wishing to buy at the retail prices in Philadelphia and New York.
N. B. Every instrument warranted for five years.
He is also *sole agent for the celebrated* SEWING MACHINES OF GROVER & BAKER, and would respectfully request persons wishing to buy Machines to call and examine his before purchasing others, as they are unequalled by any Machine manufactured.
Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.
B. M. GREENE,
May 17, '65-tf. Opposite D. P. Gwin's Store. Huntingdon, Pa.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
THIRD SERIES,
$230,000,000.
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the
7.30 LOAN.
These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into
U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT. GOLD BEARING BONDS.
These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, *from State County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. per annum to their value*, according to the rate levied upon other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or bankor.
The interest at 7.30 *per cent, amounts to*

One cent per day on a		$50	*note.*
Two cents	"	" $100	"
Ten	"	" $500	"
20	"	" $1000	"
$1	"	" $5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.
The Notes of the Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.
The delivery of the notes of this third series of the Seven-thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.
The slight change made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.
The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold, would be fully equal to those made with seven and three tenths per cent. *in currency.* This is
THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET
Now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it the
Great Popular Loan of the People
Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium; as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.
In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan the National Banks, State Bank, and Private Bankers, throughout the country, have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders
JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, *Philadelphia.*
Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Huntingdon.
First National Bank of Hollidaysburg
First National Bank of Altoona.
First National Bank of Bellefonte.
First National Bank of Harrisburg.
my24,1865

Exchange Hotel,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
WM. C. McNULTY, PROPRIETOR,
Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.
TERMS LIBERAL.
may3, 1865-1y.



☞ The above Fork is for sale at the Hardware store of Jas. A. Brown, Huntingdon, Pa.
june 7, '65–tf.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
MRS. R. J. SAGER'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, May 17, '65–tf.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILE
The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865–tf.

PIANOS & MELODIANS FOR SALE
NO CABINET ORGANS.
Not a Sole Agent.
PROFESSOR HUGH COYLE offers for sale the celebrated PIANOS of STECK & CO., now York, which he considers cannot be surpassed in touch or tonality by any instrument in the market.
Notwithstanding Steinway & Co's. instruments are considered superior by certain agents, the Professor can only pronounce them good, for there is an uncertainty in the tone which he will not recommend. As Steck is the only manufacturer that gives a PRINTED GUARANTEE for the durability of his instrument, I have no hesitation in recommending the same.
Prof. Coyle is a judge, from the fact that he has had twenty years experience in teaching music, which of itself qualifies him to recommend any instrument, but Steck's in particular.
The community can use their discretion in purchasing instruments, but Professor Coyle feels himself a judge, and notwithstanding all fictitious advertisements, he would recommend Steck & Co's. in preference to all others. PROF. H. COYLE.
Huntingdon, May 24, 1865–3m

Photograph Frames,
A splendid assortment of large size just received and for sale at Lewis Book Store. tf

JOB PRINTING done at this office.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT
S. S. SMITH'S STORE,
ON BILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS.
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store
ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty.
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.
S. S. SMITH.
Huntingdon, June 7 '65.

HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY!
AN
IMMENSE STOCK
AND
ENDLESS VARIETY
OF
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
NOW OPEN
AND FOR SALE BY
JAS. A. BROWN,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
Huntingdon, June 7, 1865

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN,
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
May. 23, '65.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. CUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Lang's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon, May. 17, '65.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.,
HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of
MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.
Also, Latest Styles of
WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,
MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.
☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.
CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER,
Huntingdon, May3, 1865–1y

Farm For Sale.
THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Hollidaysburg canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance; good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.
J. S. MAGUIRE,
april19,1864–tf. RACHEL MAGUIRE.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.
Incorporated in Philadelphia, 1794.
CASH CAPITAL $1,716,171,71.
ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Pres't.
CHARLES PLATT, Secy.
J. A. RANKIN, Rock Springs, Centre county, Pa., Local Agent for part of Centre county, also for parts of Huntingdon and Blair counties.
Feb. 21, '65–6m.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
E. O. & G. W. COLDER.
HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.
Alexandria, Jan. 13. 1865–tf.

LAW ASSOCIATION.
The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.
A. W. BENEDICT.
J. SEWELL STEWART.
July 20, 1864

I. K. STAUFFER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
No. 148 North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry,
PHILADELPHIA:
An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware constantly on hand,
SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.

ENVELOPES, wholesale and retail, for sale LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

☞ "Slavery viewed from the Bible Stand Point," by Rev. J. M. Adair, for sale at Lewis' Book Store, price 10 cents. tf

New Musical Instruments.

A new stock of musical instruments have just been received at Lewis' Book Store. Violins from $2 to $50.—Guitars from $12 to $35; Banjos $8 and $9 50; Accordeons $6 to $15; Fifes, Bows, Strings, Rosin, Tail Boards, Bridges, Mouth Organs, and Jews Harps. tf.

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

SIMON COHN,

AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods,
Clothing, Woolen Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Clocks, Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class country store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.

May 10 1865. SIMON COHN.

1865. **CLOTHING.** 1865.

H. ROMAN.

NEW CLOTHING FOR SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED AT

H. ROMAN'S.

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon april 12, '65.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, St. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN,—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACK-BONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops, and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockeryware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,

and a general assortment of notions, all of which offered on reasonable terms for cash or produce.

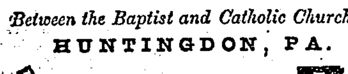
Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.

MONTGOMERY STREET,

Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,

HUNTINGDON, PA.



THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with

HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES

at reasonable rates, on short notice.

HENRY M'MANIGALL.

Huntingdon, March 8, 1865–1y.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

New Furniture Establishment.

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862–tf

1865. THE 1865.

LARGEST AND BEST

STOCK OF

WALL PAPER

Ever Brought to Huntingdon,

Is now ready for inspection and sale,

AT

LEWIS'

Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES

AT

LOWER PRICES

Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.

OUR STOCK

Consists of upwards of

One Hundred Different Styles

OF

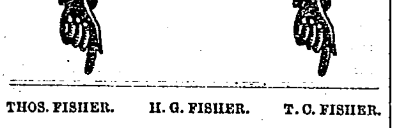
Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,

FOR

The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.

Call at the "Globe" Building, and examine our stock and prices.

FISHERS' COLUMN.



THOS. FISHER. H. G. FISHER. T. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS

HUNTINGDON, PA.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY-GOODS, ETC., ETC.

A HANDSOME STOCK of GOODS, of all kinds, is now open for the inspection of the public, and we cordially invite all our Customers and the public generally, to call and be convinced that we are unequalled in the quality, taste, style, and prices of our Goods.

We request the public to bear in mind that we purchase principally from first hands in New York, pay CASH for all we buy, and cannot be rivalled in our facilities for opening for public use, a stock of General Merchandise.

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

GRAIN, FLOUR, AND FEED.

WE ARE PREPARED TO PURchase all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the highest cash prices, and will have for sale at all times, FLOUR, FEED, &c.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

WE HAVE an IMMENSE STOCK of PLASTER; an ample supply for this and neighboring counties! Having a Mill expressly for grinding it, we can produce finer and more desirable stock than can usually be had.

SALT! SALT!

WE OFFER 500 BBLS. of SPLENdid ONONDAIGA SALT, unequalled in quality and price. G. A. Salt in sacks is also kept constantly on hand.

FISH. FISH.

10 Bbls. No 1 MACKEREL
10 " No. 2 "
10 " No. 3 "
15 Half Bbls. No. 1 "
20 " " No. 2 "
10 " " No. 3 "

Quarter Barrels and Kits, of all numbers, are also offered.

SUMAC. SUMAC.

WE ARE AT ALL TIMES PREpared to buy SUMAC; will pay cash, or trade, as desired

FLAX. FLAX.

THE HIGH PRICES RULING FOR Cotton Goods has compelled public attention to be more especially directed to the culture of Flax. It can be made by some attention, one of the most valuable products a farmer can produce; an acre readily producing 50 to 60 Dollars worth of fibre and seed. Great care should be taken by growers have their Flax spread very thin when rolling; when watered sufficiently on one side, it should be turned, and subject to exposure until all the stalks get a grey color, and the lint readily separates from the wood by a gentle rub.

It should on a very dry day be tied in bundles, and is then ready for the mill. As a general thing too much seed is sown on an acre. Unless the ground is very rich one Bushel per acre is sufficient. If the ground is very strong one and one fourth bushel is ample.

Dec 16, 1863.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

W. A. STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE,
DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. April 13, 1864.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. MORRISON, Proprietor

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store
Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicinal purposes at S. S. SMITH'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

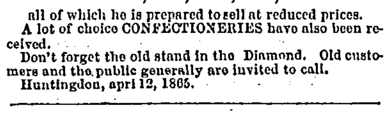
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april 12, 1865.



READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

NOVEMBER 7, 1864.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 2 45 and 10 00 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the first two trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.

Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 7 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Pottsville at 8 50 A. M., and 2 35 P. M.; Tamaqua at 8 10 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, 7 35 and 10 45 A. 1 38 and 6 05 P. M.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 40 and 11 A. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Columbia, &c.

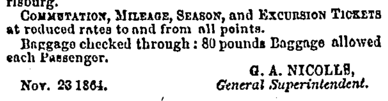
On Sundays, leave New York at 7 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, for Harrisburg.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Nov. 23 1864.



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD		
MAIL.	PG. & ERIE MAIL.	EMIGRANT TRAIN.	BALTIMORE EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	PG. & ERIE MAIL.	FAST MAIL.	HARR'G. ACCOMMODATION
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 17	4 50	11 58	......	N. Hamilton,	9 51	......	2 19
5 25	4 58	12 08	......	Mt. Union,...	9 42	10 01	2 10
5 35	......	12 20	......	Mapleton,.....	......	......	2 10
5 43	5 16	12 29	......	Mill Creek,...	9 25	9 46	1 53
5 59	5 31	12 43	6 48	Huntingdon,	9 12	9 35	1 40
6 15	5 46	1 08	......	Petersburg,...	8 56	9 20	1 22
6 23	......	1 20	......	Barree,.........	......	......	1 14
6 31	6 02	1 32	......	Spruce Creek,	8 41	9 07	1 07
6 49	......	1 54	......	Birmingham,	......	......	12 50
6 58	6 29	2 05	......	Tyrone,........	8 17	8 44	12 40
7 08	6 39	2 20	......	Tipton,.........	8 06	......	12 28
7 14	......	2 28	......	Fostoria, ...	......	......	12 22
7 19	6 50	2 35	......	Bell's Mills,..	7 56	8 25	12 17
7 40	7 10	3 00	8 15	Altoona,.	7 40	8 10	12 00
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 40 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 11 01 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 2 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 3 57 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 30 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 44 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Wednesday, JUNE 14, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. NORTHWARD TRAINS.

EXPRESS. P. M.	MAIL. A. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	EXPRESS P. M.	MAIL. P. M.
LE 6 10	LE 8 00	Huntingdon,..........	AR 12 01	AR 6 20
6 27	8 17	McConnellstown,.....	11 44	5 57
6 34	8 24	Pleasant Grove,.......	11 37	5 50
6 48	8 38	Marklesburg,.........	11 23	5 36
7 02	8 52	Coffee Run, ...	11 10	5 22
7 09	8 59	Rough & Ready,......	11 02	5 14
7 21	9 11	Cove, ...	10 49	5 05
7 25	9 15	Fisher's Summit......	10 45	5 00
AR 7 40	AR 9 20	Saxton, ...	LE 10 30	LE 4 45
LE 7 50	LE 9 40		AR 10 20	AR 4 35
8 10	10 00	Riddlesburg............	10 06	4 15
8 18	10 08	Hopewell,...............	9 52	4 07
8 30	10 20	Piper's Run,..........	9 40	3 55
8 45	10 35	Hamilton,.............	9 25	3 40
8 57	10 47	Bloody Run,...........	9 13	3 28
AR 9 00	AR 10 50	Mount Dallas, ...	9 10	LE 3 25

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 10 40	Saxton,..................	AR 9 20	4 30
10 55	Coalmont,.............	9 05	4 15
11 00	Crawford, ...	8 55	4 05
AR 11 10	Dudley, ...	LE 8 50	4 00
	Broad Top City,.....		

Huntingdon June 14, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

BOOKS

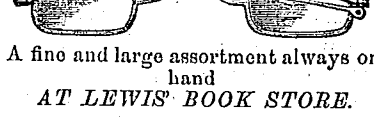
For Sale at Lewis' Book Store,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Annals of the Army of the Cumberland.
Rebel Invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and the Battle of Gettysburg.
Pictorial History of the Wars of the U. S.
Washington and his Generals.
Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 volumes.
Webber's Wild Scenes and Wild Hunters.
Field's Scrap Book.
Coal and Coal Oil, by Eli Bowen.
Chambers Information for the People, 2 Vols.
Life and Public Services of Abr'm. Lincoln.
Partons Life of Andrew Jackson, 3 volumes.
General Butler in New Orleans, by Parton.
Jackson and New Orleans, by Alex. Walker.
Irving's Life of Washington, 5 volumes.
Life of John Fitch, by Thompson Westcott.
Smucker's Life & Times of Alex. Hamilton.
Taylor's Life and Travels of Von Humboldt.
Opportunities for Industry and Capital, or 1000 Chances to Make Money.
Freedley's Practical Treatise on Business.
Sinding's History of Scandinavia.
Walker's Rhyming Dictionary.
Good's Book of Nature.
Ovid, [literally translated,] by H. T. Riley.
Beauties and Achievements of the Blind.
Stewart's Freemason's Manual.
Webb's " Monitor.
Davis' " "
Cross' Masonic Chart.
Shakspeare's Complete Works.
What Can Woman Do, by T. S. Arthur.
The Withered Heart, do.
The Deserted Wife, by Mrs. E. Southworth.
Pencil Sketches, by Miss Leslie.
The Lawyer's Story, by J. A. Maitland.
Diary of an Old Doctor, do.
The Wanderer, do.
Adam Bede, by George Elliot.
Courtship and Matrimony, by Robert Morris
Parisian Pickings, by Julie De Marguerittes
Richard Penn Smith's Miscellaneous Works
Horse Shoe Robinson, by J. P. Kennedy.
Father and Daughter, by Fredrika Bremer.
Fashion and Famine, by Mrs. Ann Stephens
Mary Derwent, do.
Peculiar, by Epes Sargent.
Anecdotes of Love, by Lola Montez.
Age of Chivalry, by Thomas Bulfinch.
Tale of a Tub, &c., &c., by Dean Swift.
The Initials, a Story of Modern Life.
The Methodist, by Miriam Fletcher, 2 vols.
The World's Laconics; or Best Thoughts of Best Authors, in Prose and Poetry.
Robert Houdin, the Magician, by Mackenzie
Skirmishing, a Novel.
Letters to Young Ladies, by Rev. J. Bennett.
Ladies' Guide to Perfect Gentility.
Dime Book of Etiquette.
The Reason Why—Natural History.
Daring and Suffering, by Lieut. Pittenger.
Titcomb's Letters to Young Folks.
" Lessons in Life.
" Letters to the Joneses.
" Gold Foil.
" Bitter Sweet.
The Trial, or More Links of the Daisy Chain
Book of Nonsense, by Edward Lear.
Nasby Papers, [Comico-Politico-Religico.]
The Ladies' Work-Table Book.
Zulu Land, by Rev. Lewis Grout.
Dutch and English Testament.
Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress.
" Holy War.
The Three Mrs. Judson's and other Daughters of the Cross, by Rev. D. Eddy.
Strickland's Life of Jacob Gruber.
Shadow on the Hearth, by Rev. N. Rice.
Defence of Armageddon, by F. E. Pitts.
The Great Consummation, by Cummings.
Louis Napoleon and the Battle of Armageddon, by Rev. M. Baxter.
Condensed Concordance to the Scriptures.
Thoughts of Favored Hours, by J. Copely.
Cobbet's 13 Sermons on Great Sins.
Headley's Sacred Plains.
McIlvaine's Evidences of Christianity.
Dealings with the Dead.
Slavery Viewed from the Bible Stand-Point, by Rev. J. M. Adair.
Union Bible Dictionary.
The Broken Bud, or the Reminiscences of a Bereaved Mother.
Bomberger on Infant Salvation and Baptism.
The Death of Little Children, by S. Prime.
The Morning of Life.
The Faded Hope, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney.
The Guardian Angels, or Friends in Heaven, by Mrs. Sarah Gould.
The Daughter of Affliction, a memoir of the Protracted Sufferings and Religious Experience of Miss Mary Rankin.
Barnes' Family Prayers.
Jay's Family Prayers.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ.
Shelley's Poetical Works.
Affection's Gift for the Loving and the Loved, by J. Cole Hagen.
The New Fortune Teller, or the Poetical Fate Book.
Mrs. Hale's Receipts for the Million.
The Philadelphia Housewife, or Family Receipt Book.
Widdifield's New Cook Book.
Soyer's Standard Cookery.
Miss Acton's Modern Cookery.
Dime Cook and Recipe Books.
Household Economy, by M. G. St. Jean.
The Family Doctor, by Prof. Taylor, M. D.
Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees of America.
The Farm; Manual of Practical Agriculture
The Garden, do do Horticulture
The Barnyard, a Manual of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry.
A Method of Increasing the Yield of the Milch-Cow, by John Nefflen.
Mayhew's Illustrated Horse Management.
" " Doctor.
The Horse and His Diseases, by Jennings.
Rarey's Practice of Horse Taming.
Both Sides of the Grape Question.
Mysteries of Bee-Keeping, by M. Quinby.
Economic Cottage Builder, by C. P. Dwyer.
Bannan's Wages and Labor Calculator.
Scribner's Ready Reckoner and Log Book, for Lumber Merchants, Ship Builders and Boat Builders.
Scribner's Assistant for Farmers, Millers, Produce Dealers and Mechanics.
Rohrer's Practical Calculator.
Engineers' and Mechanics' Pocket Book, by Chas. H. Haswell.
Arrowsmith's Paper Hanger's Companion.
The Company Clerk, by Capt. A. V. Kautz.
United States Army Regulations.
Infantry and Cavalry Tactics.
Tax Law and Stamp Duty Cards.
Pocket Maps of United States, Pennsylvania, and the Western States.
Mitchell's New Traveller's Guide through the United States and Canadas.
Constitution of the United States.
Freedley's Legal Adviser.
Everybody's Lawyer, by Frank Crosby.
The Secret Out, or 1000 Tricks with Cards, and other Recreations.
Book of Drawing-Room Plays, by S. Steele.
The Sociable, or 1001 Home Amusements.
Hoyle's Games: Chess, Backgammon, &c.
Checker's Simplified and Explained by D. Scattergood.
Spectropia; or Surprising Spectral Illusions, showing Ghosts everywhere, and of any Color, with Sixteen Illustrations.
Dime, and other Letter-Writers.
The Teacher, (Phonographic.)
The Reporter's Companion, (Phonographic.)
Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
How to Talk, a Manual of Conversation and Debating.
Walker's Elocution and Oratory.
McElligott's American Debater.
Whately's Selection of Synonyms.
Davies' Logic and Utility of Mathematics.
Gilfillan's Literature and Literary Men.
Brown's Grammar of English Grammars.
Page's Theory and Practice of Teaching.
Holbrook's Normal Method of Teaching.
Wickersham's School Economy.
Elocutionary Manual, by Hiram Corson.
Mangnall's Comprehensive Summary of History, &c., &c., &c.
☞ Also, an assortment of Juvenile and Cheap Publications.
Anthon's Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Sander's German and English Primer.
Northend's Little Speaker.
Dime Speakers and Dialogues.
Fowne's Elements of Chemistry.
Reese's " Zoology.
Lambert's Anatomy and Physiology.
Worcester's Ancient and Modern History.
Teacher's Guide to Illustrations: to accompany Holbrook's School Apparatus.
How to use Globes, by F. C. Brownell.
The Natural Spelling Teacher.
Sherwood's Speller and Pronouncer.
Hann's Elements of Spherical Trigonometry
Key to Bonnycastle's Algebra.

[See School Books in another column.]

SPECTACLES.



A fine and large assortment always on hand

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

BOOK BINDING.
Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

ENVELOPES—
By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
LEWIS' BOOK, AND STATIONERY STORE.

READY RECKONER
A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—
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MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER
White and Colored Card Paper,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

ALBUMS ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS just received and for sale

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

U. S.
REVENUE STAMPS

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

COUGH NO MORE! TRY STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM.

Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Diarrhoea

All the Medical men and the Presses recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture as the only certain remedy for Diarrhoea and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulents and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY.

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS AND DEBILITY.

Dr. STRICKLAND'S TONIC.—We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, Nervousness or Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, at $1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN REED, Agent, Huntingdon, Pa.

BEST WHITE LEAD!
BEST ZINC!

PURE LIBERTY LEAD,

Unsurpassed for WHITENESS, FINE GLOSS, DURABILITY, FIRMNESS and EVENNESS of SURFACE.

PURE LIBERTY LEAD—Warranted to cover more surface for same weight than any other Lead—

Try it and you will have no other!

PURE LIBERTY ZINC,

Selected ZINC, ground in Refined Linseed Oil, unequaled in quality, always the same,

PURE LIBERTY ZINC,

WARRANTED to do more and better work at a given cost than any other—

Get the Best!

Manufactured at PENNSYLVANIA PAINT & COLOR WORKS. Orders executed promptly by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers.

☞ Store & Office, No. 137 North THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA.

March 8, '65–1y.

FRUIT TREES,
ORNAMENTAL TREES,
SHADE TREES,
GRAPE VINES,
PLANTS, &C.,

At the nurseries of Taylor & Cremer

Who offer their stock of well grown and thrifty TREES, VINES, PLANTS, &c., at their old prices. The expense of grafting and planting this stock having been incurred before the outbreak of the rebellion when the price of labor was low, they can afford to sell these Trees at 50 per cent. less than they can sell the same kind of trees next year. While other Nurserymen have raised their prices about 50 per cent., these still sell at the old rates this year; that is to say—Apple Trees, $15. $18, and $20 per hundred, according to size, &c. Standard Pear 50 to 75 cents each. Dwarf Pear, 50 to 75 cents each, and $30 to $45 per hundred. Plum and Apricot, at 40 to 50 cents each. Also, Peach, Cherry, Quince and other trees; Grape Vines, Lawton Blackberry, Raspberry, and Strawberry plants, Dahlia roots, and Shade and Ornamental Trees—all at the old rates.

Money invested in fruit trees is sure to yield a good return. Now is your time to order trees.

Address, THEODORE H. CREMER,
feb8, 1865* Huntingdon, Pa.

CHEAP PUMPS.

JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warranted.

Aug. 3 '64.

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

MUSIC BOOKS

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HOWE'S SONGS OF IRELAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Hibernia's Songs and Ballads, including 50 of Moore's Irish Melodies, Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00

HOWE'S SONGS OF SCOTLAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Caledonia's Songs and Ballads, including Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00.

HOWE'S SONGS AND BALLADS OF THE OLDEN TIME, containing the Original Words and Music, of the Songs and Ballads, sung by the Grand-mothers of the present generation. Arranged for Four Voices.

HOWE'S TRIOS: Quadrilles Contra and Fancy Dances with Calls and Figures; Waltzes, Polkas, Opera Melodies, Scotch and Irish airs, &c., &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Bass Viol, &c.

MUSICIAN'S OMNIBUS, No. 1, containing the whole Camp Duty, Calls and Signals used in the Army and Navy; 40 setts of Quadrilles, [including Waltz, Polka and Schottische] with Calls; and an immense collection of Polkas, Schottisches, Waltzes' Marches, Quicksteps, Hornpipes, Cartra and Fancy Dances, Songs, &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Clarionett, &c., Containing over 700 pieces of Music.

MUSICIAL'S OMNIBUS, No. 2, containing 850 pieces of Music, consisting of 100 Duets for two Flutes two Violins, &c., 200 Scotch Airs, 200 Irish Airs, Quadrilles, Fancy and Contra Dances, with the Calls and Figures. Polka, Schottisches, Waltzes, Quicksteps, Marches, Hornpipes, Songs, &c., for the Violin, Flute, Clarionett, Fife, Carnet, Flageolet, &c.

THE YOUNG MEN'S SINGING BOOK; a collection of Music for male Voices, consisting of Glees and Part Songs, Choir and congregational Tunes, Anthems, Chants, &c.

KINGLEY'S JUVENILE CHOIR:—A selection of the Choicest Melodies from the German, French, Italian, English and American Composers.

TRUMPET OF FREEDOM AND THE BUGLE CALLS; two books suitable to the times.

THE BOSTON GLEE BOOK, consisting of an extensive collection of Glees, Madrigals, and Rounds, selected from the works of the Most admired Composers, together many *new pieces from the* German.

INSTRUCTION BOOKS FOR THE PIANO, Melodeon, Accordeon, Violin, Banjo, Guitar, Concertina, Drum, Fife and Flageolet.

Huntingdon, Jan. 24, 1865–tf.

OLD FRANKLIN ALMANAC FOR 1865.

Among other features of the present number will be A chronicle of the Great Rebellion continued from the Old Franklin Almanac for 1864, containing a full and correct digested record of the events of the war, military, naval and political, from October 15th, 1863, with accounts of Battles, Sieges, Raids, Sea-fights, and all the operations of the war.

The United States Army List. Major Generals and Brigadiers, regulars and volunteers, to November 1st, 1864.

The Rebel Army List. Lieutenant Generals, Major Generals and Brigadiers, to same date.

Losses in battle and by death, of Union officers, to November 1st, 1864.

Losses of officers in Rebel Army to same date.

The Rebel Government, Rebel Congress, Rebel Debt, &c.

A full digest of the United States Stamp regulations.

A full digest of the United States License regulations.

Governments of the world to November 1st, 1864.

Governors of the States and Territories, Union and Rebel, to November 1st, 1864.

Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church to November 1st, 1864.

Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church to November 1st, 1864.

Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church to November 1st, 1864.

Reigning Queens of the world to November 1st, 1864.

Reigning Kings of the world to November 1st, 1864.

Heirs Apparent to European and other Empires and Monarchies.

Besides other miscellaneous matter, astronomical information, calendars, &c., &c., the whole comprising a valuable manual for use and reference throughout the year.

Price 20 cents per copy.

Copies mailed (post-paid) on receipt of price.

For sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE. tf.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

OSGOOD'S Speller, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers.
M'GUFFEY'S Speller and Readers.
SANDER'S do do do
Town's Speller and Definer, (old and new editions.)
Smith's, Bullion's and Brown's Grammars.
Fitch's Physical Geography.
Warren's Physical Geography.
Mitchell's, Monteith and McNally's Geographies & Atlases
Camp's Geography, with Key to Mitchell's Outline Maps.
Webster's and Worcester's Dictionaries.
Quackenbos' First Lessons in Composition.
Quackenbo's Composition and Rhetoric.
Greenleaf's, Stoddard's and Brooks' Arithmetics.
Peterson's Familiar Science.
Greenleaf's and Stoddard's Keys to Arithmetics.
Greenleaf's and Davies' Algebras.
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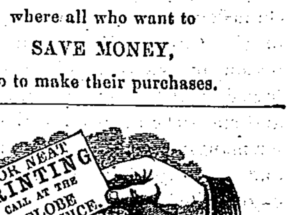
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